THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD.

VOL. XVI., NO. 4746 | PORTSMOUTH, N. H., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 18, 1900, | PRICE 2 CENTS.

PARENTS WILL FIND HERE A BIG ASSORTMENT

OF

Suits, Knee Pants, Blouses, Shirt Waists, Shirts, Ties and Caps

For Boys Of All Ages.

We make a special feature of Children's clothing from New York manufacturers.

All the new styles ready in Men's and Young Men's Spring Overcoats and Top Coats, **$6.00 to $15.00.**

HENRY PEYSER & SON'S

..RUBBER HOSE..

ALL SIZES

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A. P. WENDELL & CO.'S

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Look for the Star ★ on every Cigar.

Made at Stahl City, New York.

The best 5c. Cigar that ever happened.

The best dealers sell them Gentlemen smoke them.

THE RICHARDSON COMPANY, 335 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

TAKE NOTICE.

Now is the time to buy HARNESSES; we have a few at low prices. They will be higher.

JOHN S. TILTON'S

Congress Street.

1900 BICYCLES 1900

Chain and Chainless.

We have this year on exhibition the Largest and Finest Line of WHEELS ever shown in this city. Prices are very low.

SUNDRIES in larger variety and at lower prices than ever.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

RIDER & COTTON.

ACROSS THE RIVER

Brief Notes From Kittery Gathered for Herald Readers Today.

The grand historical Pageant under the auspices of the York Rebekah lodge will be held in Wentworth hall this evening and the cast of the characters will be as follows:

Greek dancers, Mrs. Wm. Rand. Misses Elizabeth Briard and Mabel Harris.
The Goddess, Mrs. Sheldon Manning
Page, Miss Zana Peavey
Heralds, Misses Eva Farewell, Emily L. Shaw and Eva Bunker.
Hypatia, Miss Alice Boulter
Queen Elizabeth, Mrs. Daniel Cook
Josiah Allen's wife, Miss Almenia McIntire
Ruth, Miss Elizabeth Berry
Sister of Mercy, Miss Mae Pettigrew
Martha Washington, Mrs. Samuel Caswell
Topsy, Miss Ella Bennett
Mary, Queen of Scots, Miss Helen Ireland

ATTENDANTS.

Lady Mary Seaton, Miss Ethel Willliams
Lady Mary Carmichael, Miss Shirley Parsons
Jenny Lind, Miss Annie Deane
Joan of Arc, Miss Luella Paul

PART II.

Sappho Miss Nettie Locke
Pocahontas Mrs. Fred E. Dixon
Grace Darling Miss Georgia Farwell
Mrs. Partington Mrs. Horace Philbrick
Ike Stephen Boulter
Queen Isabella Miss C. Edna Parrott
Xantippe Miss Maude Pray
Priscilla Miss Julia Abrams
Gypsy Queen (solo dance) Miss Elizabeth Briard
Nydia Mrs. Walter L. Lutts
Bridget O'Flanagan Mrs. Edward E. Shapleigh
Character dance, Bridget, Topsy and Ike
Barbara Freitchie Miss Helena Pray
Miriam Miss Viena S. Stimson
Maids, Misses Flossie Bickford, Inez Kuse, Bessie Whitehouse.
Columbia Miss Mary A. Tanner
Attendants, Cuba, Porto Rico and Hawaii

Crowning by the Goddess.

The following committees for Memorial Day have been appointed by E. G. Parker Post, G. A. R.:

Committe on Program—C. L. Hayes, M. A. Safford, C. N. Holmes.

On Flowers—James W. Brown, Theo. Wilcox.

On Music—J. H. Swett, C. N. Holmes.

On Church Music for Evening—George H. Hayes, D. M. Shapleigh, Hampden C. Keen.

On Monument—L. L. Goodrich, D. W. Marden, John Glover.

On Speaker—J. H. Swett.

On Evergreen—J. H. Swett, Oliver Cottle.

On Wreaths—H. B Parker.

On Decorating Church—Rev. G. C. Andrews, George Damon, D. W. Marden.

On Flags and Decorating Graves—Orchard cemetery—L. L. Goodrich, D. W. Marden, John Glover.

Lower Foreside—Jas. W. Brown I. H. M. Pray.

Kittery Depot—H. B. Parker, W. T. Carr.

Navy Yard—John Glover, M. O. Stimson.

Spruce Creek—John Lambert, D. M. Shapleigh.

Kittery Point—Frank Lawrey, Thomas J. Billings.

Eliot—Joseph H. Dickson, John McKenney, Albert Hanscom.

York—Charles Banks.

York Harbor—D. A. Stevens.

On Ammunition for Firing Salute—B. F. Bunker.

The funeral of Morrell Manson was held at the home in North Kittery at 2 o'clock this afternoon, Rev. E. C. Hall of the Second Christian church conducting the service. Many of the neighbors were present. The interment was in the family burying ground on the premises.

TO PLEAD GUILTY.

City Marshal Entwistle went to Exeter this morning to attend the supreme court in which the Portsmouth cases of those who have not already been disposed of in some way, will plead guilty and receive sentence. These include George E. Davis and Andrew Callaghan, for selling liquor and the two Otises for breaking and entering. The former two will be represented by J. W. Kelley and the two latter will be defended by Judge Adams.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

THEATRICAL HAPPENINGS.

HOYT'S PET COMEDY.

Trip to Chinatown Coming Here Thursday, Fast Day Evening.

That Chas. H. Hoyt and his farces have a strong hold upon theatre goers of this city has been thoroughly demonstrated time and again. His various comedies have been greeted by large and fashionable audiences when presented here, and the heavy demand for seats for the engagement of his arrival of A Trip to Chinatown, at the Music hall, Thursday evening, and the unusual interest manifested in the coming of this popular comedy success, forcibly illustrates once more the fondness and admiration by which Mr Hoyt's peculiar methods for producing merriment are held by the amusement seeking public.

When playwright Hoyt first produced A Trip to Chinatown, he easily established himself as fun provider in chief and perpetual chief jester to the people of the United States. The A Trip to Chinatown presented this season comes heralded as being even better and brighter than ever, with everything in the way of music, dances, scenery, specialties, stage accessories, and costumes new and up to date. The dialogue is keen and penetrating while the story is a kinetoscope picture of every day life viewed from the standpoint of gayety and sportiveness in San Francisco, Cal.

Harry Gilfoil, known as the leading comedian of the Hoyt & McKee staff of fun furnishers, will be seen in the role of Welland Strong and he will be assisted by such people as Gus P. Thomas, Mabel Montgomery, Eleanor Gardiner, George Shields and many others.

HARRY GILFOIL IN HOYT'S "A TRIP TO CHINATOWN."

ORIGINAL AND CLEVER.

Because She Loved Him So, at Music Hall, This Evening.

In Because She Loved Him So, which is to be presented at Music hall, this evening, William Gillette has seized upon a fruitful theme as the subject of his comedy. He has imagined a female Othello, an unreasoning, headstrong, wayward and tempestuous woman, so completely possessed of the demon of jealousy that her life becomes merely a record of those "damned minutes" which serve to make up the sum of existence of one "who dotes," yet doubts, suspects, yet stongly loves. Here is matter enough and more than enough for a thrilling tragedy.

But William Gillette has shown by his successful efforts in Secret Service, All the Comforts of Home, Mr. Wilkinson's Widows, and Too Much Johnson, that he is not one of those who sit in the court of Melpomene; it is the comic aspect of his theme which has attracted him and which, be it at once said, he has treated with genuine skill and humor.

A FAMOUS PIANIST.

Miss Marya Blazejewicz, (pronounced Blaw-se-oe-yen-which) the favorite pupil of Moritz Moszkowski of Breslua, Germany, the composer of world wide fame, is a pianist that every student of the piano should hear. Miss Blazejewicz has been awarded the gold prize medal at the Royal Berlin Conservatory of Music, Berlin, Germany, a distinction of which very few pianists, male or female, can boast.

Prize medals are awarded in Germany where there is real merit; they cannot be obtained through influence or favoritism, as these things are not practiced in that country.

Miss Blazejewicz will play the Scherzo Opus 31 by Chopin and her own composition, the "Polish Fantasy."

Those attending the next Scheda concert, Monday evening, April 23, 1900, at Pierce hall, will find that Miss Blazejewicz is not only a fine pianist but also a composer of rare merit. Tickets 50 cents, on sale at Montgomery's Music store and Grace's drug store.

ECLIPSE OF THE SUN.

The Southern railway announces that the eclipse of the Sun, May 29, 1900, will be visible at various points along its line in Alabama, Georgia, the Carolinas and Virginia. For this occasion we will make a rate of 4 cents per mile, one way for the round trip, for parties of ten or more traveling together on one ticket, within the territory of the South Eastern Passenger association—short time distance to govern.

Specific advice of movement will have to be given to the lines in advance, so limits of the tickets and the points to which it is desired that they be sold. For further information apply to Geo. C. Daniels, N. E. P. A., 228 Washington street, Boston, Mass.

MAY BALL CONCERT.

Fine Program Arranged For Presentation by the Pentucket Orchestra.

The concert program which the Pentucket orchestra of Haverhill, Mass., will offer at the May party and ball of General Gilman Marston command, U. V. U., on the evening of May first, is of a choice character, as the following numbers testify:

Wagner, Marsch, Nibelungen
Suppe, overture, Light Cavalry.
Cornet Solo, selected, C. F. Quinn.
Herbert, selection, "Ameer,"
Macbeth, Serenade, Love in Idleness
Voelker, descriptive, Fagd im Schwartzwald

Descriptive—Break of day. Singing of birds. Huntsmen's call. Chime in distance. Huntsmen's horns in distance. Huntsmen's mount and start. Arrival at the forest. Blacksmith shop. The Smith at work. Assembly by forest horns. Champagne chorus Mount and start again. Hounds scent game The Death. Reassemble of Hunters. Departure for home.

BISMARCK'S IRON NERVE.

Was the result of his splendid health Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25 cts. at Globe Grocery Co.

ONE WAY OF BOOMING NEW ENGLAND.

In its mission of promoting and bringing New England into prominence as a vacation and tourist resort, the Boston & Maine Railroad endeavors to place before the public descriptive matter that is interesting, instructive and authentic.

The illustrations used in the various publications are from pictures taken expressly for the Boston & Maine Railroad by one of the most noted landscape photographers in the country and are veritable works of art.

Last year three portfolios were added to the list of illustrated publications which bear the following titles: "New England Lakes," "New England Rivers," and "Mountains of New England." These portfolios are half tone reproductions, 4x6 inches in size. For the present season two additional portfolios have been prepared, namely: "Sea Shore of New England," and "Picturesque New England" (Historical Miscellaneous)

In the Sea Shore portfolio, among the thirty odd views of the Rugged New England shore is a distant outline of Grover's Cliff, at Beachmont. In the vicinity of Marblehead are pictures of the surf and of the ancient wharves and of scenes in the harbor; then there is a picture of the "Singing Beach" at Manchester on the North Shore. Gloucester affords a variety of scenic display which depicts harbor and shore scenes. Further down the shore are vistas of picturesque surroundings at Ipswich Bluff, in the vicinity of Newburyport and at Salisbury. Of Hampton Beach and the Isles of Shoals there are several views, as well as York Beach. Likewise of Kennebunk and Old Orchard there are several delightfully pleasing representations of familiar places.

The Picturesque New England portfolio is indeed one of the most interesting of the series, as it treats of a variety of subjects with which all are acquainted. Pictures are shown of the birthplaces of Whittier, Hawthorne, Rebecca Nourse, Horace Greeley and President Pierce, while the revolutionary reminders include illustrations of the Munroe Tavern; the Monument and Minute Man Statue at Concord, Mass.; the Gov Craddock House at Medford; and General Gage's Headquarters. The Colonial period is suggested in a collection embracing illustrations of the Frary House, the Governor Wentworth Mansion and the Hannah Duston Monument. The rural districts are attractively displayed in numerous views of inland scenes in the vicinity of Hadley, Lancaster and Groton, Mass, and Charlestown, N. H.

Either one or all of these five portfolios can be obtained by sending six cents in stamps for each book to the General Pass. Dept., B. & M. R. R., Boston, Mass.

NO RIGHT TO UGLINESS.

The woman who is lovely in face, form and temper will always have friends, but one who would be attractive must keep her health. If she is weak, sickly and all run down she will be nervous and irritable. If she has constipation or kidney trouble, her impure blood will cause pimples, blotches, skin eruptions and a wretched complexion. Electric Bitters is the best medicine in the world to regulate stomach, liver and kidneys and to purify the blood. It gives strong nerves, bright eyes, smooth, velvety skin, rich complexion. It will make a good looking charming woman of a run-down invalid. Only 50 cents at Globe Grocery Co.

The little folks love Dr. Woods' Norway Pine Syrup. Pleasant to take; perfectly harmless; positive cure for coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma.

Dyspepsia 20 Years

Could Eat Only Stale Bread—All Else Caused Distress.

"I have derived so much benefit from Hood's Sarsaparilla, after having been a sufferer for more than 20 years from a bad stomach trouble, that I would like to tell about. For years I was obliged to live on stale bread and the juice of beefsteak. I had a great deal of inflammation and gastric trouble and was twice at death's door. A friend told me of Hood's Sarsaparilla and I decided to try a bottle. I derived so much benefit from it that I got three more, and after taking them felt that I was entirely cured. I am now 85 years old and enjoy excellent health for one of my years, but every spring I take a bottle of Hood's so that I may feel strong and well during the summer, and I recommend it to anyone who suffers from dyspepsia or indigestion." MRS. A. G. MARSON, 12 Mason Street, Salem, Mass.

All Run Down—Torpid Liver.

"Every spring I suffer from torpid liver and the debilitating influence of the change from cold to warmer weather. Last spring found me unusually run down, having nursed four of my children, unassisted, through a siege of scarlet fever. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla and passed through the trying months without any inconvenience whatever. I believe for persons having an inactive liver and poor blood Hood's Sarsaparilla is a good medicine." MRS. E. B. GROSS, Findlay, Ohio.

It is because Hood's Sarsaparilla is Peculiar to Itself that it effects such remarkable cures. Try it.

Old Furniture Made New.

Why don't you send some of your badly worn upholstered furniture to Robert H. Hall and have it re-upholstered? It will cost but little.

Manufacturer of All Kinds of Cushions And Coverings.

R. H HALL

Hanover Street Near Market.

Get Estimates FROM THE HERALD ON **JOB PRINTING.**

For neat and attractive Printing there is no better place.

FOR SALE.

THE very desirable residence, No. 82 Middle street. The house contains nine rooms and bath, hot and cold water, new furnace. The lot containg about 25,000 square feet of land, with a choice variety of fruit A large stable and carriage house on the premises Apply to C. R. OXFORD.

THE CRAWFORD SHOE

EASTER OPENING!

Queen Quality Shoes . . . . . $3.00.
The Superior Shoe . . . . . $3.00.

Also a Large Assortment of Ladies', Men's and Boys' Black and Russet Shoes and Oxfords of the Latest Styles from $1.25 to $4.00.

C. FRED DUNCAN,

5 MARKET STREET.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

BURNED AT THE STAKE.

Terrible Torture of Americans by Filipinos.

CRIME COMMITTED IN PANAY.

Ghastly Story Told by Soldiers Returning on Transport Tartar, Who Also Bring Reports of Gold Found In Island of Luzon.

San Francisco, April 17.—The Manila American of March 14, which has reached here on the transport Tartar, contains an account of the burning at the stake of three American prisoners in the hands of the insurgents of Panay island.

Privates Dugan, Tracey and Hayes of Company F, Twenty-sixth infantry, fell out of the ranks during an expedition into the interior of Panay and started on a search for "tuba," the native wine. That they were successful was testified to by two corporals who were sent back after them and found them under the influence of the liquor. They refused to return and were in such a condition that the corporals could not take them back by force.

About that time the advance struck the enemy, and a skirmish followed. The corporals had to rejoin their command, and the three men fell into the hands of the Filipinos.

Taken to the town of Calinag, they were imprisoned until the occasion of a big "fiesta," when they were led out to the public square and tied to stakes. Slow fires were lighted at their feet, and they were roasted, while the natives, under the direction of the local Filipino padre, swarmed about them, jabbing them with knives and cutting strips of flesh from their quivering bodies. Then redhot irons were applied, cruelly searing them.

Dragged by Frenzied Mob.

Then the victims were released from the stakes and dragged through the streets by the frenzied mob.

Finally one of their tormentors was ordered to slay them, which he did with his bolo.

Some time afterward Lieutenant Colonel Dickman of the Twenty-sixth, with a small force reconnoitering that district, discovered their graves.

The padre and those responsible for the outrage had fled on the approach of the Americans.

The transport Tartar, which arrived Saturday afternoon from Manila, has been released from quarantine. The Tartar brought advices from the Philippines up to March 6. One of the reports from Manila is that William Odun, who is spoken of as a miner of large experience, has returned from a prospecting trip to the distant coast of Vigan. He showed rich specimens of gold and declared that he had located a ledge of quartz as rich as anything in Colorado or California.

He is organizing a company of ex-soldiers and will go into the mountain districts of Vigan to secure claims.

In an interview in the Manila Freedom Odun says: "Never before did I see such indications of mineral wealth. I have traveled from the Klondike to South Africa, and I am convinced there is not a richer mining country in the world than the island of Luzon."

To Have a Literal Man Hunt.

Richmond, April 17.—The committee of the Deep Run Hunt club have struck upon a unique feature to entertain the smart set which comprises its membership at next Saturday's meet. Six savage bloodhounds from the state penitentiary farm will be added to the club pack for a man hunt. The fugitive will have three hours' start and must baffle the hounds if he can. When close pushed, he is expected to take to a tree until the hunters arrive and secure the dogs, otherwise he may be torn to pieces. These hounds take a practice run at the state farm every few days, and under the full appreciation of this object lesson no escapes have been attempted, as the hounds have never failed to run down the human quarry.

Negro Escapes From a Mob.

Richmond, April 17.—Henry Hayes, a negro, was taken by a mob of citizens at Keysville, about 75 miles southwest of here, into the woods to be lynched late on Saturday night, but he escaped. Hayes struck a white man and slightly injured him in a barroom row. He was arrested and locked up in the town police station, but was soon taken out by the mob about 300 yards from the town. After the rope was placed around the man's neck he managed to unloosen it and got away. It is believed that some of the mob were friendly to the negro and helped him to escape. Hayes had been employed in the north as jockey.

Coughlin's Bondholders Make Good.

Chicago, April 17.—Twenty thousand dollars has been paid to State Attorney Dineen by William F. Mahony and Michael McNamara, the bondsmen for Daniel Coughlin and William Armstrong. Coughlin, who was once convicted of the murder of Dr. P. H. Cronin and acquitted upon a second trial, was indicted on a charge of attempted jury bribing, and Armstrong, who was his bartender, was charged with the same offense. Both men fled while out on bail. Armstrong was arrested in the state of Washington, but the governor of that state refused extradition. Coughlin is thought to be in Central America.

Radical Antistrike Measures.

New London, Conn., April 17.—Fifty drillers, teamsters and laborers employed at the Waterford quarries of Booth Bros. and the Hurricane Island Granite company, have been discharged and the plant shut down indefinitely. An effort was made Saturday to compromise with the striking granite cutters on a basis of 32½ cents an hour for eight hours' work, but the cutters refused to consider anything less than a standard of 35 cents minimum per hour.

President Opens a Fair.

Paterson, N. J., April 17.—The fair for the benefit of the General hospital was opened at the First regiment armory in Paterson last night by President McKinley. Yet he was hundreds of miles away. He touched a button in Washington, and the act caused the instantaneous illumination at the armory here of a great American flag formed of electric lights. The 5,000 people present greeted the sudden illumination with cheers.

Wales Going to Brussels Again.

London, April 17.—The Prince of Wales will return to England from Denmark by way of Brussels notwithstanding the attempt on his life that was made in the Belgian capital.

ALLEN STARTS SOON.

Inauguration at San Juan Will Be Full of Ceremony.

Washington, April 17.—Mr. Allen, the newly chosen governor of Porto Rico, is arranging to leave Washington for San Juan toward the end of the present week. He will be accompanied by Mrs. Allen and their daughter. The trip will be made on the United States steamship Dolphin, Captain Southerland, which is now lying at the Washington navy yard. It is Governor Allen's intention to make this a flying visit. He will set up the new civil government and inside of three weeks will return to the United States to arrange his private affairs.

The president and Secretary Long have determined that the inauguration of the civil government in Porto Rico shall be marked with as much pomp as is befitting an event of that magnitude. Therefore the United States will see to it that there is at San Juan on the occasion of the inauguration of the first American governor a dignified and impressive ceremony that will fix the event in the minds of the people.

The United States steamer Dolphin, which will carry Mr. Allen to San Juan, will enter the harbor there escorted by the entire north Atlantic squadron under the command of Rear Admiral Farquhar on his flagship the New York. The squadron is now at Bermuda and will time its movements so as to arrive off the north coast of Porto Rico about the time the Dolphin is sighted.

Governor Allen will be inaugurated at San Juan on May 1, and General Davis, the military governor, will turn out all of the United States troops under his command in honor of the occasion. The ships of the squadron will fire salutes, which will be answered by the shore batteries. There will be some speeches, and at night the fleet will use their electric lights, and there will be general illuminations.

A Successor For Senator Clark.

Atlantic City, April 17.—Mr. Murray, a banker and copper mine owner of Butte, Mon., and Mr. Maguire, a Montana Democratic politician, met at the Hotel Rudolph to discuss the situation caused by the scandal over Senator Clark's election and the report to the senate recommending that his seat be declared vacant. It is said that if Senator Clark can be induced to resign Governor Smith will appoint Mr. Murray to fill the vacancy. This being regarded as a not improbable contingency, Mr. Maguire, so the report goes, met Mr. Murray here with a view to inducing him to consent to the plan outlined. It is believed, according to Mr. Maguire, that Mr. Murray would prove acceptable to both the Clark and the Daly factions, which have been at war in Montana politics, and that Mr. Clark's retirement and Murray's appointment would bring about peace in the party.

The Day In Congress.

Washington, April 17.—In the house yesterday the naval appropriation bill gave rise to an argument on the price of armor plate. Messrs. Foss and Cummings made pleas for a larger navy, the latter urging that Krupp armor be bought at $545 a ton. Other members contended for a government armor plant. In the senate the Alaska code bill was so amended as to provide that the Nome beach below mean high tide should be subject to exploration for gold by American citizens or those who had declared their intention of becoming citizens. The joint resolution providing for a constitutional amendment to permit election of senators by popular vote, which was adopted by the house, was referred to committee in the senate. The army appropriation bill was reported.

Bribery Inquiry In Montana.

Butte, Mon., April 17.—A dispatch from Washington says that ex-Representative Hartman left that city on Saturday for Helena with a copy of the testimony taken before the senate committee on privileges and elections as to the alleged corrupt manner in which W. A. Clark secured his senate seat. He will go direct to Helena and, it is averred, will ask one of the district judges to summon a special session of the grand jury to investigate the matter thoroughly and return indictments against those who are alleged to have been unlawfully connected with Clark's election. This move upon the part of the Daly people to place some of Clark's followers in prison has created a sensation.

Two Girls Heir to $1,000,000 Each.

St. Louis, April 17.—Two St. Louis girls, one 18 years old and the other 13, have fallen heir to $1,000,000 each, and they were informed by their attorney, who returned from Holland Sunday, that the money is now ready for their acceptance and disposition. Both of the heiresses were greatly surprised, as their parents had not encouraged the idea that they might some day be wealthy. The money is part of the estate of Ludwig Fischer, who died in Holland nine years ago, leaving a large estate. Efforts were made to find all of the heirs that it might be properly divided. It was known that most of them resided in America.

Lieutenant Tries Suicide.

Boston, April 17.—Lieutenant Samuel W. Patterson of the United States marine corps made a suicidal attempt to sever the arteries of his right wrist with a razor at the Charlestown navy yard. The wound, though serious, physicians say will not prove fatal. Despondency caused by sickness of his children at his home in Philadelphia and aggravated by an attack of the grip is given as the cause of the attempt. Lieutenant Patterson is a son of the late Rear Admiral Patterson and a nephew of Admiral Porter.

Mrs. Lottridge Apparently Insane.

Chicago, April 17.—Mrs. Louise Lottridge has been committed to the county jail, charged with the murder of Rufus Wright. Hearing of the case is continued until April 24. The prisoner, when informed that Mr. Wright died as a result of the shooting at the Leland hotel, acted like a maniac. When taken to the jail, she was considered temporarily insane and was turned over to the care of the jail physician. On the way to the jail she insisted that the officer was taking her to her execution.

Rumored Plot Against Loubet.

Paris, April 17. The Petit Journal says that the authorities have received information about a plot against President Loubet which was hatched by three Italians at Nice. One of them is said to be on his way to Paris now. The police at Nice ridicule the alleged plot. They say the story is based on the tattle of an aged female crank.

A GAMBLER'S NERVE.

NAILED HIS CARDS TO THE TABLE WITH HIS KNIFE.

Then Calmly, but Rapidly, Atwood Pulled His Revolver and Turned to Pay His Respects to the Man Who Had Shot Him From Behind.

"The coldest nerve I ever saw displayed by any one," said the gray haired, young looking man, "was Jack Atwood's when, after being shot at from behind, he paused to nail his poker hand to the table with a bowie knife before turning and drawing his own revolver to return the fire.

"Atwood was a queer fellow in a good many ways. Physically he wasn't much to look at, but he had dandified habits that seemed curiously out of place in a man whose business kept him constantly in association with the roughest men in the country at the time—I am speaking of the lumbermen on the upper Mississippi 30 years ago—and who was, in fact, as wild as the wildest of them.

"He was a good deal of a politician and was suspected of writing some of the most violent articles that appeared in the local papers. There had been a great deal of scandal about a member of the state legislature from Minneapolis—call him Davis—for some time before the fight that I speak of, and Atwood had been among Davis' most violent critics.

"This particular night there was quite a crowd in Bill Galloway's gambling house on the east side of Minneapolis, near the old Fort Snelling road. Atwood was playing poker with four other men. Two were lumbermen, friends of Atwood's, and the fifth was a St. Paul man, a stranger to me. It was the first game I had ever seen played with $10 goldpieces for chips. Of course for the heavy betting they used paper money, for as the ante was one chip and it took two to come in there was not chips enough to bet with when the big hands came. Limit games were not much in vogue in Galloway's place at any time, but the table stakes usually meant a few hundred dollars at the outside, and this was the largest I had ever seen up to that time, for each player had a good sized wad, and there must have been $12,000 or $15,000 in sight at least.

"Nothing special occurred for over an hour, when there came a jack pot which was opened for $100, and somewhat to my surprise all the players came in. It was a jack for five chips in the first place and had been sweetened once, so there was $800 in the center before the draw. The second surprise came when each man drew two cards, excepting Atwood, who stood pat. They were holding their cards close, so none of us around the party knew what any player held, but it appeared later that Atwood had four jacks.

"The opener put up another hundred on the strength of his three of a kind. The next one raised it $100. The third did the same thing and so did the fourth. He was the St. Paul man, and he had caught a fourth seven spot, while the others had not bettered. Atwood made it a thousand to play. One, two and three dropped out. Three of a kind was no kind of a hand for that struggle, and that is what each of them had. The St. Paul man was delighted, though he tried hard to conceal it, and he came back at Atwood with another thousand. He was ahead of the game, having about $6,000 in front of him at the beginning of the deal, while Atwood had only about half that. That left him enough to raise St. Paul once more, and he did it promptly.

"'I suppose I'll have to call you,' said the latter, 'seeing it's table stakes, but I'm sorry you haven't more money with you.'

"'I have $8,000 in the bank,' said Atwood. 'If you care to take my check, I'll stand another raise.'

"Checks were not in great favor at Galloway's, and the St. Paul man hesitated naturally enough, but one of Atwood's clients spoke up. 'I'll cash your check for you, Jack,' he said, and just then the shot came.

"The entrance to the room was midway between the faro and the poker tables, and Atwood sat with his back toward it. Davis had entered the room noiselessly and had fired as soon as he saw Atwood. Shooting from behind will ruin a man in any community, and I don't suppose Davis would have done it if he hadn't been half drunk and half mad with rage as well. He probably wouldn't have missed his shot, though, if he hadn't been drinking. I was watching Atwood closely and hadn't seen Davis enter. As it was, I saw the left end of Atwood's mustache disappear at the instant the shot rang out and a red streak show on his check, but he didn't turn his head. He reached down as quick as a ferret and drew a knife from somewhere below the line of the table top, laying his cards face down on the table with his left hand at the same instant.

"'The game stands as it is,' he said without a quaver in his voice as he drove the knife through the cards and the baize cover, deep into the wood, with a vicious stab. Then just as quickly he reached for his hip pocket and stood facing around with a revolver in his hand leveled at Davis.

"Two other shots rang out as he rose. They were fired by Atwood's friends, but fortunately they hit nobody. Another man had seized Davis' gun as he was trying to shoot again, and there was a scuffle going on in a moment, with three or four men on a side, all of whom, however, were trying to force Davis out of the room. Atwood held his fire, seeing that there was a group of men in front of him and stood still as he saw the struggle going on. When he saw that Davis was being pushed out at the door, he smiled, but didn't say a word. Perhaps I ought to say he grinned. Smile is too pretty a word for his face.

"When his enemy was outside and the door was closed, he put the pistol back in his pocket and felt of his check carefully. It was bleeding very slightly, but he wiped it off with his handkerchief and, turning back to the table, said as coolly as ever: 'All right, Jim. Give me the money and I'll write you the check in a moment.'

"He was the least excited man in the room. The St. Paul player looked at him steadily as Atwood's friend was counting out the bills and then exclaimed with an oath: 'I don't believe I care about raising you again. It's a call.'

"The hands were shown, and of course Atwood took the pot."—New York Sun.

A Big Burst.

Gadzooks—Has the Boom company made its report yet?

Zounds—Oh, yes, and a very loud one too. But the stockholders think they may get 10 cents on the dollar.—New York Tribune.

Out of 20,000 clerks employed by the government in Washington more than 6,000 are women, with salaries ranging from $600 to $1,800 a year.

MANY FILIPINOS KILLED.

The Rebels Lose Heavily In Two Engagements.

Manila, April 17.—General Young reports that 200 insurgent riflemen and bolomen attacked the American garrison at Batoc, province of North Ilocos, but were repulsed, losing 105. The Americans had no casualties.

Captain Dodd's troop of the Third cavalry trapped 180 insurgents near Bangued. Fifty-three rebels were killed and 44 taken prisoners. The Americans had one man wounded. Ninety Spanish prisoners who were liberated at Tayabas, the capital of the province of the same name, arrived here yesterday morning.

Floods Tie Up Railroads.

Jackson, Miss., April 17.—All railroad lines entering Jackson are indefinitely tied up as the result of the heavy rainfall general throughout the state. The main line of the Illinois Central is flooded in several places, the chief obstacles being at the Camel Back, one mile south of this city, and a washed out bridge below Canton. The Yazoo branch of the Yazoo and Mississippi valley is inundated at numerous places, and all passengers and freight are laid out at Yazoo City. The Natchez branch of the Yazoo and Mississippi Valley road is also flooded, and at several points between here and Harriston the lowlands are covered with water for miles. The Alabama and Vicksburg road has also abandoned its trains, bridges being washed away and tracks under water at several places between Vicksburg and Meridian.

Philippine Commission Expenses.

Washington, April 17.—Complying with a resolution of inquiry, the president has sent to the senate an itemized statement of the expenses of the Philippine commission. The statement includes the following items: Compensation of $10,000 each to Commissioners Schurman, Worcester and Denby, $30,000; per diem allowance to commissioners after their return to the United States, $5,285; secretary to the commission (compensation $8,500, per diem $3,660), $12,160; transportation, $13,687; household expenses in Manila, $9,252; clerical service, $31,701; miscellaneous, $14,998; total, $117,183. The president also transmits with his indorsement a recommendation from Secretary Hay that provision be made for payment to the naval and military members of the commission (Admiral Dewey and General Otis) at the same rate as that paid to the other members. He says they have received nothing for their services in excess of their regular salaries.

Jap Invasion of Canada.

Victoria, B. C., April 17.—Japanese are still pouring in here. The steamer Rio Jun Maru brought 800 and the big liner Goodwin 1,100. The steamer Milos is expected with 80 more and the Braemer at the end of this week with over 700. The labor leaders are agitating against this great influx of orientals, but it is said that the provincial and Dominion parliaments are powerless to enact legislation to keep out the Japanese, for the imperial government refuses to allow the passage of legislation which will affect its friendly relations with Japan. Martin, the British Columbia premier, in a speech said that if re-elected he would see that legislation was passed restricting this immigration.

Defaulting Cashier Captured.

Waterbury, Vt., April 17.—Teller J. C. Farrar, the missing officer of the Waterbury National bank, is under arrest in Boston, this fact being made known by the departure from town of Directors C. E. Moody and L. H. Atherton of the bank and an officer on the late afternoon express. It was early known that Farrar was in Boston through a message received by Edward Farrar, father of the teller, and later a telephone message to Mr. Moody was understood to be from the same individual. Farrar had gone to the Globe bank to draw out a deposit of $1,800 he is said to have deposited there and was thus identified.

Died Under Science Treatment.

Amsterdam, N. Y., April 17.—Mrs. Etta S. Philes, a wealthy widow of this city, is dead of pneumonia. She had been ill for a week and had been attended by a Christian Science "healer." Late Saturday night a relative of Mrs. Philes heard of her illness and at once summoned two physicians, who declared that the patient was in a dying condition. Neighbors of Mrs. Philes knew of her illness, but they allege that the Christian Scientists refused admittance to all but members of their faith.

Big Deal In Coal Lands.

Pittsburg, April 17.—The largest remaining tract of drift coal in the Pittsburg district has just been purchased by the Midland Coal company and the property will be developed extensively at once in the interest of the recently organized American Sheet Steel company. The tract includes about 3,000 acres of the choicest steam coal near Pittsburg and was secured at a cost of $300,000. A railroad will be built into the property and $100,000 will be spent in its development. It is expected that within four months 2,500 tons of coal will be mined daily and shipped to various mills.

The Delagoa Bay Award.

Washington, April 17.—United States Minister Irwin, at Lisbon, has reported to the department of state that the Portuguese government has made all necessary arrangements for the payment of the judgments, amounting to almost $5,000,000, on the award of the Delagoa Bay arbitration. As stated in the house by the Portuguese minister for foreign affairs, the money can be realized upon the Northern and Eastern railroad bonds, and the Lourenco Marques railroad will remain in the possession of Portugal.

HIS LIFE WAS SAVED.

Mr. I. E. Lilly, a prominent citizen of Hannibal, Mo., lately had a wonderful deliverance from a frightful death. In telling of it he says: "I was taken with typhoid fever, that ran into pneumonia. My lungs became hardened. I was so weak I couldn't even sit up in bed. Nothing helped me. I expected to soon die of consumption, when I heard of Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle gave great relief. I continued to use it, and now am well and strong. I can't say too much in its praise." This marvelous medicine is the surest and quickest cure in the world for all Throat and Lung Trouble. Regular size 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles free at Globe Grocery Co's drug stores; every bottle guaranteed.

THE BOERS ARE FLEEING

Siege of Wepener Abandoned by Alarmed Burghers.

MAFEKING AGAIN BOMBARDED.

Lady Sarah Wilson Tells of Suffering In Beleaguered Camp—Conflicting Stories of Operations In Natal. Rain Delays Roberts.

London, April 17.—Alarmed by Lord Roberts' menacing preparations, the Boers have abandoned the siege of Wepener and are hurrying north.

While no official word comes of the Boer movement, several newspaper dispatches coincide in reporting their flight. The Daily Telegraph's correspondent at Bloemfontein cables the news of the abandonment of the attack, adding that the Boers are trekking, the majority of them retiring to the north, while a body 6,000 strong is reported moving south toward Bethulie. This story receives confirmation from the same paper's correspondent with General Chermside's division, who tells of the enemy's retreat to the southeast. This division was at Marshoutfontein, to the northeast of Reddersburg, from which town it was supported by General Rundle's division. A force of about 20,000 men was thus ready to move from the northwest on the federals had they persisted in the siege of Wepener.

It has been reported that the Boer commandoes in the southwest of the Orange Free State might split up the minute their raid definitely failed, the Transvaalers making their way to Kroonstadt and leaving the Free Staters to their fate.

A reasonable explanation of the retirement of part of the Boers in a southeasterly direction, as seen by Chermside, is that they travel light and are able to move with such extreme rapidity that they count upon being able to avoid being overtaken and forced into an engagement, especially if the line of retreat to the north along the Basuto border toward Ladybrand is open to them.

Situation In Natal.

The Boers who have been facing Buller in the Elandslaagte district are reported by one account to have fallen back on the Biggarsberg.

It is probable that they are now concentrating their strength on the hills around Glencoe Junction, a position of enormous natural strength.

The Daily Mail has the following dispatch from Lady Sarah Wilson, dated Mafeking, April 5:

"The pinch of hunger is beginning to be felt, and relief seems more distant than ever.

"Since March 31 there had been no shelling until today, Commandant Snyman having taken his burghers to bar Colonel Plumer's road. Yesterday, however, he returned, and the bombardment was renewed today with splendid high velocity guns firing 14 pound shells, such as had not been used since the first days of the siege. The military authorities say the British artillery has nothing to compare with these guns."

Population of Cuba.

Washington, April 17.—The population of Cuba, according to reliable information, is approximately 1,600,000. Of this number about 30 per cent are full blooded negroes. The same source of information says there are about 140,000 Spaniards on the island, 70,000 of whom will become citizens of Cuba, and the other 70,000 will remain loyal to Spain. The census returns for Cuba are soon to be given out by Secretary of War Root, who has been in consultation recently with General Joseph P. Sanger, who has had general charge of the enumeration. The present census will make the voting population of Cuba about 300,000.

Monster Labor Parade.

New York, April 17.—The committee of arrangements for the monster eight hour demonstration to be held in this city on April 28 by 40,000 members of leading labor organizations announced that the parade, which will constitute a part of the demonstration, will be divided into eight divisions. There will be 100 unions and 15 bands of music in the parade. The route will be from Fourth street up Second avenue to Twenty-third street, to Eighth avenue, to Seventeenth street, to Union Square, where a mass meeting will be held. The grand marshal will be William F. Derflinger of Typographical union No. 6.

Lake City Postoffice Re-established.

Washington, April 17.—The postoffice at Lake City, S. C., has been re-established, and Mrs. Della D. Carter, white, appointed postmaster. This was done upon petitions filed by practically all of the white and colored citizens requesting re-establishment of the office and this lady's appointment. The colored people submitted a separate petition requesting her appointment. There has been no postoffice at Lake City since the colored postmaster there was killed by a mob two years ago.

Farreaching Papal Decision.

Paris, April 17.—The Rome correspondent of the Temps, in a dispatch that has almost official significance, says: "The papal decision prohibiting the Assumptionists from continuing the editorial management of La Croix was arrived at after a solemn conclave of bishops and cardinals. Hereafter no religious congregation will be permitted to take any part in politics. This decision is binding upon Catholics all over the world, including the American Paulists."

Ocean Steamer In Distress.

Halifax, April 17.—The master of the Reid steamer Glencoe, from St. John's, N. F., which arrived here yesterday, reports that the keeper of the Cape Race lighthouse signaled to him as he passed that a large ocean steamer had shown signals of distress a couple of hours before. The Glencoe steamed out of her course in search of the vessel, but failed to find the steamer.

Hispano-American Congress.

Madrid, April 17.—The queen regent has signed a decree convoking the projected Hispano-American congress for November next. The congress is a sequel to the demonstrations which attended the recent visit to Spanish ports of the Argentine training ship Presidente Sarmiento.

Morrison on Trial.

White Plains, N. Y., April 17.—Alfred Morrison, who on Dec. 20 shot and fatally wounded his wife at their home in Mount Vernon, was placed on trial for his life here yesterday.

Mother and Doctor Too

Until the doctor comes, and for minor ills and accidents, the mother must doctor her family. Tens of thousands of mothers have relied upon JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT, and have found it always reliable. It is used both *externally and internally* and it is *the* remedy for inflammation from any cause. Used continually for 90 years as a household remedy, its sustained popularity and increasing use every year are the best possible testimonials to its curative powers.

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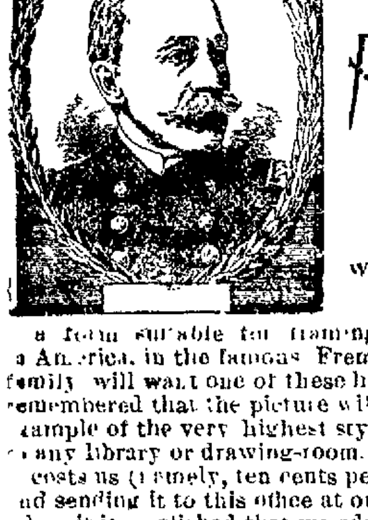

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A Boston Girl

How many people have experienced the symptoms described by this Boston girl? Pallor, loss of appetite, listlessness, headache,—all betray a condition which is dangerous but which Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will surely cure. Miss K. A. Dunbar, of 605 Massachusetts Avenue, Boston, is the girl. She says:

"I had no appetite and was as pale as a ghost, and the headaches I used to have in the back of my head were something awful. Sleep gave me no refreshment. A friend who noticed how ill I looked talked to me about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and finally persuaded me to try them. I soon began to notice that my appetite and color was returning; by the time I had taken six boxes the weariness was all gone and I felt fine. I have had no return of the trouble, thanks to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People."

K. A. DUNBAR.

Boston, September 1, 1899.

Personally appeared the above named K. A. Dunbar and certified to the truth of the foregoing statement before me.

FRANK E. WINGATE,
Justice of the Peace.

At druggists or direct from Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y. 50 cents per box; 6 boxes $2.50.

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137 MARKET ST

J. A. & A. W. WALKER.

KING WON AND LOST.

HE WON A BIG BET AND LOST HIS LIFE AT THE SAME TIME.

It Was a Case of One Gambler Tricking Another In the Days When Helena Was Swarming With Swindlers and Swindling Games.

In 1887 Helena, Mon., was overrun by a shoal of sure thing gamblers. Prior to that time gambling had been licensed, and there had been fair play. Not only were sure thing games running in many gambling houses, but along the sidewalks of Main street for several blocks games of all kinds were in full blast. In one gambling house a short faro game had been started and attracted a great deal of attention.

It was run by a couple of Frenchmen. In playing short faro the dealer uses a dealing box somewhat similar to the regulation faro box, the difference being that the sides and ends and top are put away until there remains only the frame of box, exposing the cards from every direction, with just enough of a frame to hold them in place compactly. In short faro the cards are placed in a box backs upward instead of face upward, as in regular faro. There are no cards pasted on the table upon which to place bets. In the middle of the table is a glittering heap of gold and silver money, with greenbacks of all denominations lying carelessly around.

The dealer having carefully shuffled the cards places them in the box backs upward. He then slowly and with many flourishes deals out six cards, placing them face downward in a semicircle on the table. He then invites bets. A player can bet on any one of the six cards lying face down upon the table, and as many as care to do so can play.

When all bets have been made, the dealer pulls from the box the seventh card and turns it face upward. Then he turns up each of the six cards upon which he had invited bets. If the dealer's card is higher than the bettor's card, the bank wins. If the bettor's card is higher than the one turned by the dealer, the bettor wins. If, however, there is a tie—i. e., the dealer turns the same card that the bettor had placed his money on—the bank wins. But in such a case the player has the option of losing his money, or he can have another chance the next hand around if he will double his bet. This process can be continued as long as the bettor is willing to double his stakes. If he wins, he gets paid in full; if he loses, the bank gets all.

It is this option of doubling a bet to save a loss that fascinates players of short faro. Of course, professional gamblers did not play short faro, because it was known as a crooked game. The dealer, in placing the first six cards upon the table, does it with many flourishes and in such a way as to enable a player to see just what each card is before it lies face down upon the table. If the game was to be played on the square, the odds would be against the bank 6 to 1. But it is played with fixed cards, and the dealer is able to hold in the box and on the top of the deck all of the high cards, so that he can at any time beat or tie a player who seems to have money. Cappers are always used, and when a stranger appears they play and win large sums, which they turn in afterward. When a man is playing high, doubling his bet each time, it is possible for a man making small bets on other cards to win with ease. The high player may be on a comparatively low card, and the dealer, in order to tie him and make him double his stakes, will have to turn the same card, so that all the small player has to do is to watch for an ace or a king, place his bet upon it and pick up his money each time the cards are turned.

It was while playing at this game that Dave King lost his life in June, 1887. King had been living in the mining camps of Marysville and Wickes for a couple of years. He was one of the best gamblers in the west. He looked, however, like a typical miner as, wearing a soft, gray hat, blue flannel shirt, trousers tucked in his boots, he strolled in where this short faro game was being played. He was spotted at once, and the cappers began to play for big stakes. After watching the game for a few minutes King began to play, placing $1 bills rolled into a ball on the cards. He won almost every time and always called for his pay in bills. Now, however, another player at the opposite end of the table had begun to double his stakes, and the dealer was giving his attention to the high bettor. King didn't get excited, but continued to make an occasional bet, always with a $1 bill rolled into a wad. The dealer in paying would pick up a $1 bill and pass it across to King. This had been going on for perhaps half an hour when the dealer again tossed a $1 bill to King in payment, as the dealer thought of a $1 bet.

"Come again," said King to the dealer. "Look at that bet."

The dealer, a slight built, black eyed, nervous Frenchman, leaned over and unrolled King's bet. As he did so he saw that he had been tricked. A crisp, yellow $1,000 note rolled out of the dirty $1 bill. King had won $1,001. The dealer was white with rage. There was no limit to the game, and King had won fairly. The dealer, instead of paying the bet, leaned back in his chair, reached his hand under the table and sprang forward and over the table. In his right hand gleamed a long stiletto. In an instant he had buried it in King's neck, pulled it out and buried it again.

The place was in an uproar in an instant. The visitors broke for the door, and the cappers and bouncers pulled their guns and jumped upon King. He was harmless, however, for the Frenchman's aim had been true. He had killed King with the first stab.

There was a great to do about this crime. The Frenchman managed to get out of town and was never caught, and it was given out by the owners of the gambling house that King had been killed in a row of his own making. But the short faro game was closed and never reopened. Shortly afterward an antigambling law was passed in Montana, and all "sure thing" games were closed.—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

A Man's Reasoning.

"I see," she said, "that a couple who were married in Philadelphia the other evening received 98 clocks as wedding presents."

"And yet," he bitterly replied, "I'll bet she'll never be on time when they expect to go out anywhere."—Chicago Times.

Very Wise.

The Jay—What do you want with a diver in the house?

The Josh—So I can have something to fall back on.—Kansas City Independent.

THE CHINESE LILY.

A Pretty Fancy Is the Legend of Its Fairy Origin.

Once upon a time there lived in China two orphan brothers. The elder brother, not satisfied with having inherited the larger share of the parental estate, seized the most valuable part of the younger's, leaving him but a few acres of rocky, unfruitful soil.

The younger brother bore the greediness of the elder one until he was finally overcome with poverty and hunger. Then in great despair he threw himself upon the ground and lay there sobbing and bewailing his cruel fate.

Suddenly he heard a sweet voice calling his name. Opening his eyes, he saw a fairy bending over him, who bade him arise, saying:

"Thy patience and forbearance have been noticed, and now great shall be thy reward. Thou shalt find riches and fame beneath the soil where thy head lut a moment ago rested. To reach the treasure will be no easy task, but be patient and persevering. Rest not until thou hast found that which shall cause thee to be honored and loved for a thousand generations."

Then the fairy vanished, and the young man rubbed his eyes and looked about him. His rocky ground was still there, and he was jubilant with a new born courage and hope. With resolute will he applied himself to the task of finding the buried treasure.

For many days he dug faithfully, and finally he found a flower bulb. Believing in the fairy's promise, he planted the bulb and nourished it until from it there grew a flower more delicately sweet and fair than had ever before been seen.

Hundreds of people came to see the new flower. Other bulbs sprang from its roots, and the young man's name and his bulb patch soon became famous. Riches and honor came to him because, strange as it may seem, the flower would not grow in any other part of China, and thousands came to buy from him.

He named his treasure the "Shuey Seen Fah," or "Flower of the Water Fairy," a name that it has ever since borne, though in common parlance it is known simply as the "Chinese lily."—Philadelphia Times.

WHAT A JOURNALIST IS.

How He Differs From a Plain, Ordinary Newspaper Man.

After a lecture before the journalistic class at Cornwall university a sophomore asked Eli Perkins when he became a journalist.

"Never," said Eli, "but I do hope, after 20 years' more experience, to become a newspaper man."

"Well, what is the difference?" asked the sophomore.

"Just this, my son," said Eli. "A callow reporter calls himself a journalist. As George Welshons says, 'in his first tadpole stage, when his head is swelled,' he is a journalist. If he finally shows great brain and industry and escapes the fool killer, he may become a reporter. After years of study and toil and when his brains are stuffed with wisdom, wit and discretion enough to kill his own editorials and 'make up' a 16 page Sunday edition, then I say he's a newspaper man."

"Then this is as high in the profession as he can get?"

"Yes; he is now at the pinnacle. By and by, when he gets lazy and stiff and old and stupid, they reduce him to the position of editor.

"An editor is a decayed newspaper man with bunions on his brain, chilblains on his heart, corns on his ears and warts and dyspepsia on his liver. The business of the editor is to sleep up town all day, and at night he prowls around a newspaper office, and at midnight he takes a blue pencil and assassinates every bright and readable idea that the smart reporters have brought in during the day.

"The editor is all epithet, while the reporter is all proof. The editor calls a man a chicken thief and gets sued for libel, while the reporter, kodak in hand, interviews him while picking off the feathers in his back yard, and the next day the thief takes a whole advertisement to shut up the newspaper.

"No," continued Eli, "I hope I am a newspaper man, and I dread the time when I shall get old and stupid and have to kill my own bright things which made the people glad, sold newspapers and made Americans know me."—St. Louis Star.

He Got All His Change.

"I never felt so cheap in all my life," said Short, "as I did one day in a department store. I bought a book for 99 cents, and while I was waiting for it a young woman whose good opinion I valued came up, and we began to talk. The book was wrapped up and handed to me by the girl at the counter, and after a short while the young woman asked:

"'Are you waiting for your change?'

"I replied that I was, but in fact I hadn't been thinking of it. I wanted to talk to her and made that an excuse for staying. After the usual long delay, when it had passed entirely out of my mind, the girl at the book counter stepped up and said:

"'Here's your change, sir.'

"And she held a bright, new cent in her open hand so that the other girl saw it. I felt a chill at once, and just because it appeared to the young woman that I had been waiting all that time for a cent I got a reputation for close fistedness that is still sticking to me."—Pittsburg News.

Thankful.

A live possum was discovered in a colored "meetin house" in Mitchell county. The parson pronounced the benediction immediately, remarking, "'Lijah wuz fed by ravens in de wilderness, en 'possum on dis col' mawnin is none de less providential!"

"John," wrote a colored prisoner to his son, "did you know dat yo' daddy is in a nice, steam he't jail fer de winter? Ef you didn't, you knows it now by dis letter, w'ich leaves me well en hearty en t'ankful ter Providence. De weather is col', but, John, I is ez warm ez a political meetin."—Atlanta Constitution.

In One Lesson.

He—Your sister said she couldn't dance.

She—Well, can she?

"Yes, I made her. We hadn't been on the floor a minute when I stepped on her foot. You just ought to have seen her."—Yonkers Statesman.

Some musical notes are low and solemn and others high and quick, because the vibration of musical strings varies from 32 vibrations per second, which produces a soft and deep bass, to 15,000 vibrations per second, which yields a sharp treble.

THE HYPNOTIZED CUSTOMERS.

Experience of a Real Estate Agent With Two Women.

"If any one had asked me if I believed in hypnotism a few years ago I would have replied that I did not," said a real estate agent. "But two years ago I was made a victim of it in such an expensive manner that I could not doubt its powers. My firm handles suburban real estate as well as city property, and for selling the former we receive usually about 2½ per cent commission. In April, 1898, two elderly women, well dressed and apparently refined, came into my office and asked if I could find a house all furnished for sale in Westchester county along the sound.

"'I suppose you want something for about $10,000 or $15,000,' said I.

"'No; we want a better house than can be bought for that amount,' said one of the women. 'If we find a house to suit us, we are willing to pay $75,000 cash.' That was worth working for, and after taking their names I asked them to call two days later. They were sisters, and I suspected that they were members of a wealthy family who had been left alone with a lot of money. I spent the next two days looking for houses in Westchester county. When the women came to my office, I took them up to see those houses. We drove around all day at my expense, but none of the houses suited. Every day during the next few months that I could get away I spent looking for a house to suit these women. When I had found a house that I liked, I would take these women to look at it. It was late in September before I was able to suit them. I found a house furnished, with several acres of ground around it, in an excellent location. The owner told me that if I sold it for $75,000 he would double my commission. My clients liked it and agreed to take it. I had the title searched and the papers all drawn up, when there came a hitch as to payments. The business hung fire until I began to suspect that these two women were not acting in good faith. I did not see what they had to gain, however. They assured me that they were very wealthy. To satisfy myself I did a little detective work, and to my disgust I found that these two women were living in a cheap boarding house, with hardly money enough to pay their expenses.

"They were acting in good faith, however. They had come under the influence of a German woman who was a fortune teller and a hypnotist. This woman had taken all their money, and in return she had convinced them that they were wealthy. They were hypnotized by her, and when I tried to argue with them I could not convince them that they had been fooled. They didn't know where their property was, but they insisted that they were wealthy and that they wanted a $75,000 house and were able to pay for it. I had wasted a lot of time and spent a lot of money on them. The German woman had a lot of other women in her power, and she hypnotized them so successfully that after she had robbed them of all their money they firmly believed that they were wealthy."—New York Sun.

A Chinese Wonder.

Eliza Ruhamah Scidmore describes in The Century a great national phenomenon which she has observed on one of her many visits to the long lived Chinese empire.

"There are three wonders in the history of China," she writes, "the demons at Tang-chau, the thunder at Lung-chau and the great tide at Hang-chau, the last the greatest of all and a living wonder to this day, while its rivals are lost in myth and oblivion. On the eighteenth night of the second moon and on the eighteenth night of the eighth and ninth moons of the Chinese year the greatest flood tides from the Pacific surge into the funnel mouth of Hang-chau bay to the bars and flats at the mouth of the swift flowing Tsien-tang.

"The river current opposes for awhile, until the angry sea rises up and rides on in a great, white, roaring, bubbling wave 10, 12, 15 and even 20 feet in height. The Great Bore, the White Thing, charges up the narrowing river at a speed of 10 and 13 miles an hour with a roar that can be heard for an hour before it arrives, the most sensational, spectacular, fascinating tidal phenomenon, a real wonder of the whole world, worth going far and waiting long to see."

The Blue Flag of Ireland.

Neither Scotland nor Ireland has a distinctive national flag. Each had its distinctive national flag before union with England, but upon that union taking place the Scottish flag and Irish flag were blended with the English flag to make the union jack, which is the national flag of the three former kingdoms, now known as the kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

As the crosses of the three kingdoms were blended to make the national flag of the United Kingdom, so were the standards of Scotland and Ireland quartered with the English standard to make the royal standard of the United Kingdom. In this standard are shown the red rampant lion on a field of gold representing Scotland and the golden harp on a blue field representing Ireland. And that latter was the flag of Ireland when Ireland had a flag. Somebody took it upon himself to change the ground color of the old Irish flag and make it green, and the green flag passes in the United States for the old flag of Ireland.—Hamilton Spectator.

Napoleon and the Press.

"When I returned from Elba," Napoleon is quoted as saying in The Century. "I found among other papers of the Bourbons an account of 6,000 francs paid monthly to the editors of The Times, besides taking 100 numbers monthly, and I had an offer from them to write for me for payment. I had offers from the editors of several English newspapers to write for me even during the time of war, previous to my going to Elba, and to insert news and everything else I wished and that money would be taken to send them to France. I did not do it. I was wrong, however. I ought to have accepted their offers, and then my name would not have been held in such odium in England as it was. This they said themselves to me. For in the end these newspapers formed the public opinion and always will do. I was very wrong. I see it now."

A Holland Custom.

In Holland among the quaint old towns that line the dikes of the Zuyder Zee it is the custom when the stork has paid a visit to a fortunate household to announce the fact by hanging outside the door a tiny silken pincushion. A black one indicates that the new arrival is a boy, and a white one tells the neighbors that it is a girl.

WOOD SUPPRESSES A TRUST.

Havana Police Break Up Cattle Dealers' Combine.

Havana, April 17. Acting Mayor Estrada Mora notified Governor General Wood that in consequence of the recent action of the Havana municipality and of General Ludlow in breaking down the monopoly in the use of the slaughter house held in trust for the cattle dealers the latter had threatened not to supply any more meat, asserting that they had a monopoly of cattle and could entirely cut off the meat supply of Havana.

Moreover, according to Senor Mora, the cattle dealers had threatened to make trouble at the slaughter house in case certain sections were thrown open to the public in accordance with the order of the municipality.

Senor Mora asked General Wood to send an American officer with the police to enforce the order.

General Wood told him to take 30 policemen and to occupy the slaughter house, keeping a section open to all who might wish to kill cattle there. He also told him to inform the members of the cattle trust that if they refused to supply cattle they would not be allowed in future to kill at the slaughter house.

Senor Mora was instructed to act upon his own prerogative as acting mayor, the governor general promising to sustain him throughout. These instructions were carried into execution, and there was no trouble. One man only, a member of the cattle trust, refused to kill, and he was informed that he would not be allowed to use the slaughter house again.

"Syndicate" Miller Found Guilty.

New York, April 17.—William F. Miller, the 520 per cent Franklin syndicate manager, was found guilty shortly before 9 o'clock last night by the jury, which had been out since ten minutes after 4 o'clock in the afternoon. Miller was accused of swindling thousands of persons in all parts of the country out of over $1,000,000. Counsel for the accused declined to put in any testimony for the defense, and the case closed yesterday afternoon. Judge Hurd's charge to the jury was taken as being unfavorable to the defendant. When the verdict was announced, Miller grew white and showed extreme nervousness. His counsel announced that the case would be appealed. The prisoner was remanded for sentence a week from next Friday.

The Strike In Maryland.

Frostburg, Md., April 17.—Nearly 100 of the younger men among the strikers of the Georges creek region have left for other coalfields. The majority of them went to Clearfield, Pa., while the balance journeyed to New River and Clarksburg, W. Va., to seek other employment. The men say they prefer to work, if they can do so honorably, to spending their time idly at home. An expected setback to the miners has come in the refusal of the laborers who have been employed about the mines since the strike began to join the strikers. Yesterday's instructions to the men were in the nature of a "request," and whether or not the strikers will endeavor to force the laborers to quit work has not been decided upon.

Adirondacks' Lakes Ice Locked.

Plattsburg, N. Y., April 17.—The fishing season in the Adirondacks would ordinarily have opened yesterday, but as every lake and pond in the entire Adirondack wilderness is still locked in ice and as the game laws prohibit trout fishing through the ice no fishing was done. Old fishermen say it will be the 1st of May before the ice goes out, according to present indications. Lake Placid, Saranac lake, St. Regis lake and Loon lake are frozen over from shore to shore, and on some of the smaller ponds the ice is still 18 inches thick. Teams heavily loaded with cement were driven across St. Regis lake yesterday to Rockefeller's new camp.

A Viennese meteorologist has proved by experiments that rainbows are conditioned by the size of the raindrops, and that, while we ordinarily see only two rainbows side by side, there are as many as 20.

REPUBLICAN CAUCUSES.

Ward One.

The republicans of ward one are requested to meet at the ward room on Maplewood avenue on Friday, April 20th, at 7:30 o'clock, in the evening, for the purpose of choosing delegates to the republican state and district conventions about to be held to elect delegates to to the republican national convention to be held at Philadelphia, June 19th, 1900.

Per order,
WARD COMMITTEE.

Dated, April 16th, 1900.

Ward Two.

The republicans of ward two are requested to meet at the old court house on Court street on Friday, April 20th at 7:30 o'clock, in the evening, for the purpose of choosing delegates to the republican state and district conventions about to be held to elect delegates to the republican national convention to be held at Philadelphia, June 19th, 1900.

Per order,
WARD COMMITTEE.

Dated, April 17th, 1900.

Ward Three.

The republicans of ward three are requested to meet at the ward room on Wednesday evening, April 18th, at eight o'clock, for the purpose of choosing delegates to the state and district conventions. Per order, COMMITTEE.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. Twenty five cents a bottle.

"Itching hemorrhoids were the plague of my life. Was almost wild. Doan's Ointment cured me quickly and permanently, after doctors had failed." C. F. Cornwell, Valley street, Saugerties, N. Y.

"Safe bind, safe find." Fortify yourself by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla now and be sure of good health for months to come.

WITH THE THEATRICAL FOLK

William Gillette's Secret Service made such a tremendous stir in this country and in England and placed the author upon such a lofty pinnacle of fame, that the literary and dramatic world anxiously waited for something new from his pen. That something came and it too was enormously successful. It came in the shape of the comedy Because She Loved Him So, which ran all last season at the Madison Square theatre, New York, and all last summer at the principal theatre in Chicago, and which is to be presented at Music hall this evening, by a company that will give full and clever expression to its fun.

"Nothing succeeds like success" is a trite old saying, but it was probably never illustrated better than in the case of Charles Hoyt's master work, A Trip to Chinatown, New York, Nov. 14th, 1891. When the piece was first put upon the stage, even Mr. Hoyt did not expect of it more than a fifty nights' run, but the piece made an instantaneous and emphatic hit, and it continued on and on until it had reached 708 performances being the longest continuous run in the history of American theatricals. Its success on the road is known to all theatregoers and in England and Australia A Trip to Chinatown has duplicated its record of this country. How a play can live so long and its great popularity seem never to lessen is easily demonstrated. Give the public something spicy, something which flavors of novelty, something a little out of the ordinary, and they will appreciate it.

E. H. Sothern has been the victim of a practical joker located behind the scenes, and he has employed a detective and offered one hundred dollars reward for the identification of the guilty one. In a recent performance of the Sunken Bell someone substituted red paint for water in the drinking scene, and as a result Mr. Sothern was made to look ridiculous.

A well defined rumor has been in circulation during the past week in Chicago that the big theatrical syndicate will split up into three parts at the conclusion of the present contracts, Klaw and Erlanger to head one, Hayman and Frohman another and Nixon and Zimmerman the third.

Julia Arthur gladdened the hearts of her supporting company when she sent them checks last week not only covering their salaries up to the close of the season, but for two weeks additional. John Major, Miss Arthur's manager, is of the opinion that she will return to the stage next season and play Hamlet.

THE PLAYGOER.

ANOTHER LETTER FROM JULE.

NAVAL STATION,
CAVITE, PHILIPPINE ISLANDS,
February 20, 1900.

Today, on my visit to Aggie's mother, I inquired of Lieut. Barry when the insurgents had vanished, and he said, "They are right here just the same as ever. Yesterday I put my men digging inside the church, (and by the way the churches have earth floors, and bury their distinguished dead just inside the church wall, putting the inscriptions on a tablet in the wall) for concealed weapons and ammunition but we found neither, although we know such to be here in town somewhere. The other day I told the mother of Aguinaldo that the government was going to stay and occupy a portion of her house and she seemed displeased. Her actions and that of the large number of natives that came to see her that day led me to call in two companies from Novaleta as a precaution, and it settled any plan they might have thought of in trying to make any trouble."

Over in the church my interpreter read the wording of the memorial tablet to Aggie's father, who I should judge had been quite a character in his day. The old lady did not care to try to write her autograph, but told me that when I came again she would present me with a souvenir if I wished one. She did not have much to say about Aggie, and I did not ask her, but the officer said I knew as much of Aggie's whereabouts as he did, but he added, "I have a feeling that he is within long distance shooting range of here, and he may be among the servants. I never saw him, and should not know him if I did."

Notwithstanding this hot-bed has been cleared of insurgents, many of the soldiers have been waylaid and boloed during the past few weeks and the officer informed me that he made his men go in squads well armed. While we were dining with him, two of the naval clerks arrived at the house having rode their wheels around through Novaleta unharmed. That very day several of the marine officers under guidance of Sergt. Wm. Montair and a guard passed through Cavite Viejo on their first ride from Cavite to Manila since the country in that section had been cleared of the enemy. The mail goes in the morning. JULE.

PLENTY OF IT.

Lots More Proof Like This, and it is All From Portsmouth People.

"The proof of the pudding is in the eating of it." If any city or town in the Union has sufficient proof on the following subject it is Portsmouth. Genuine merit is finding its reward in the hearty endorsation of local citizens. When people right here at home, friends and neighbors of our readers, give a statement like the following for publication, it is proof convincing for the most skeptical. Read this testimony:

Mrs. Eva Muchmore of No. 26 State street says:—"Doan's Kidney Pills did more than help me. They cured me. I was suffering intensely from pain in my back and lameness in my loins, and no one could have made me believe that I would get such immense relief. I had a great deal of trouble with my kidneys. At one time I was given up by two physicians who said I was in the last stages of Bright's disease. I recovered, but my kidneys have always been in poor shape. I got the first box of Doan's Kidney Pills at Philbrick's pharmacy on Congress street. They drove away the gnawing pain and lessened the soreness in the small of my back. Doan's Kidney Pills are most effective in kidney trouble."

For sale by all dealers; price 50 cents. Foster—Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

Drink Only The Purest

FINE OLD

Ky. Taylor

WHISKEY.

If you want purity and richness of flavor, try our OLD KENTUCKY TAYLOR, 8 years old and our own distillation and guaranteed pure. Bottled and shipped direct from our warehouses by us. None genuine without our signature on both labels. For consumption, Indigestion, and all ailments requiring stimulant OLD KENTUCKY TAYLOR has no superior. Sold by all first-class druggists, grocers, and liquor dealers.

Sold by Globe Grocery Co., Portsmouth, N. H.

For a Stylish Hitchout

Go to

C. E. Dempsey's Stable,

Deer Street,

Or call him by telephone 18-3 and he will send any team you want to your door.

Choice Horses,

Well Equipped Carriages

OLIVER W. HAM

SUCCESSOR TO SAMUEL S. FLETCHER,

60 Market Street,

Furniture Dealer

— AND —

Undertaker.

NIGHT CALLS at side entrance, No. 2 Hanover Street and at residence, Cor New Vaughan Street and Raynes' Ave

Telephone 59—2.

STANDARD BRAND.

Newark cement.

100 Barrels of the above Cement Just Landed.

THIS COMPANY'S CEMENT

Has been on the market for the past fifty years. It has been used on the

Principal Government and Other Public Works,

and has received the commendation of Engineers, Architects and Government generally. Persons wanting cement should not be misled. Obtain the best.

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(Formerly The Evening Post)

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FOR PORTSMOUTH AND PORTSMOUTH'S INTERESTS.

You want local news? Read the Herald. More local news than all other local dailies combined. Try it

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 18, 1900.

Thus far nobody has begun to sew buttons on the Dewey boom. Evidently it is still in the safety-pin class.

At this distance from Texas the James Hogg boom for vice-president looks as though it had swallowed its false teeth.

How would a ticket of Dewey and Hobson do, on a platform setting forth the power of woman to make and to mar?

Dewey's record in politics is an excellent one as far as it goes. He once wanted to vote for Grover Cleveland, but didn't.

All this talk about shelving Bryan is mere leather and prunella. He will be the nominee, and all persons calling themselves democrats may as well prepare for it.

There has not been an execution in the navy since 1849, and it is a striking fact that of the numerous soldiers sentenced to death for military offenses during the war with Spain not one was executed.

With the possible exception of Washington, there has lived but one great military hero in the United States who did not in after life cause regret to his friends by some act or expression. That man was Robert E. Lee.

Certainly no man in the United States, living or dead, is so capable of addressing the public on the subject to "the independence of the executive" as this same Grover Cleveland. He did not perpetrate 343 vetoes for nothing.

Debs is making speeches to fairly good houses in southern Indiana, the admission fee being ten cents. People who thought his nomination for the presidency didn't amount to anything probably were not aware of the fact that he needed the money.

Persons who are planning to see Paris and die this summer will probably abandon the mortuary feature of the programme after they reach that city. Prices on everything have gone up so high that death has become an extravagance in which none but the very rich can afford to indulge

There is more money per capita in this country now than ever before, but that makes no difference to the generous souls who want the government to coin all the silver in the world into 100 cent dollars, each containing 47 cents' worth of bullion. Those eminent philanthropists will never be satisfied until the nation loads itself with enough non-circulating coin to sink it.

Col. Bryan is paid to preach free silver to the people of the United States. It is part of his daily duty to rave and storm that there can be no genuine prosperity without 16 to 1. He deals in generalities and ignores facts. All of which goes to prove, as the historian Fiske has aptly said, that "it takes men a weary while to learn the wickedness of anything that puts gold in their purses."

The Spanish offer to sell the great steel floating dock at Havana to this government for $200,000 is one that should not be thoughtlessly rejected. The dock in question is one of the most remarkable works of its kind in existence. It was built in England, and after being towed across the Atlantic, represented, when finally anchored in the harbor of Havana, an outlay of at least $1,000,000. Spain no longer needs it. She offers it at a fraction of its cost, and if expert inspection should show that it might safely be towed to Puerto Rico or to Key West, the navy department should be authorized to buy it without a moment's hesitation.

Admiral Dewey and Mr. Bryan will meet at a forthcoming banquet in Chicago. It is to be distinctly an eating occasion, however, and the bill of fare will have no political significance.

"We are treading the winepress alone," says a political leader in Kentucky in a letter to a friend in New England. All of which is interesting, the common impression having been that the treading process in Kentucky was confined exclusively to the distillery.

Gen. Otis has been a model in his conduct, personal and official, since he took command of our army in the far east. He has made no complaint. He has resented no criticism or abuse, though a torrent of them ran upon him, for a straight year. He has not posed as a hero, he would not dictate to his government, or waste his strength kicking the pack that bayed and snapped at his heels; he went serenely on with the work in hand, with a steady, dogged energy and a plucky persistence that have brought about the chief objects of the campaign, the shattering of Aguinaldo's army; the breaking up and utter destruction of the so called Filipino civil government.

TO CLUB WOMEN.

The announcement that the G. F. W. C. Biennial of 1900 will be held in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, June 4th to 8th inclusive has been widely heralded. The reputation of previous biennials and the representative character of the present G. F. W. C. officers and programme committee seem a sufficient guarantee that the fifth biennial will equal, if not surpass, those that have preceded it; but, agreeable to suggestion, the Biennial Local board willingly prepares a statement relating to the local environment of the biennial.

To the generally accepted verdict that Milwaukee is a beautiful city, conveniently located as regards railroad facilities (reduced rates, etc.) with fine hotel accommodations, and private homes available if required, there may be added a general willingness to make every effort to insure the success of the biennial, while the invitation to that city having been extended by the Citizens' Business league, and every club, federated or unfederated, having pledged its co operation, are sufficient proof of a wide-spread interest.

AT THE NAVY YARD.

Ferry launch 132 is being overhauled.

There is some talk of the Spanish gun boats being hauled out.

The schooner A. J. Miller of Saco, Me., is loading with junk at the yard.

Four laborers have been required for work in the general storekeeper's department.

Mrs. Cann, wife of Paymaster James E. Cann, is soon to take up her residence in this city.

Orders will be issued this week for another war ship to proceed to this yard for repairs which will consume two months.

The work of rebuilding the U. S. S. Detroit will be in charge of Naval Constructor Tawresey and the ordering of an assistant constructor is to give Mr Tawresey some one to look after minor work in the department.

Articles of incorporation for the Concord State fair association have been filed with the secretary of state.

ON THE ROAD

All the time, eating irregularly, sleeping irregularly, exposed to every disease latent in bad cooking or poor food; that's a summary of the traveling man's life. The result is "stomach trouble"; that general term which covers various forms and stages of disease of the organs of digestion and nutrition. The traveling man can't avoid the troubles which spring from his business obligations. But he can avoid "stomach trouble." If Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is used when the early symptoms of derangement of the stomach manifest themselves, the cure will be quick and radical. But even if the disease has become chronic the "Discovery" will cure ninety-eight times out of every hundred if tried fairly and faithfully.

Mr Ned Nelson, the celebrated Irish comedian and mimic, of 577 Royden St, Camden, N J., writes "We fulfilled an engagement of twelve weeks and the constant traveling gave me a bad touch of that dreaded disease called dyspepsia I had tried everything possible to cure it till last week, while playing at B F Keith's Bijou theater Philadelphia, in the Nelson trio a professional friend of mine advised me to try Dr Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery I tried it, and thank God with good results"

Free! Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 pages, 700 illustrations, is sent free on receipt of stamps, to cover expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the book in paper covers, or 31 stamps for the same book cloth-bound. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

SELECTION MADE.

Frank W. Hackett Likely To Be Asst. Secretary Of The Navy.

Said The President Is Seriously Considering His Appointment.

Nomination Will Probably Be Sent To The Senate Within a Day Or Two.

WASHINGTON, April 17. — President McKinley has under serious consideration the appointment of Frank W. Hackett of Portsmouth, N. H., to be assistant secretary of the navy as successor to Mr. Allen, who has become the governor of Porto Rico. The president will probably send the nomination of Mr. Hackett to the senate within a day or two. Mr. Hackett has practised law in Washington. He is well-known in New Hampshire.

The above despatch has unusual interest for the people of Portsmouth and, indeed, of all New Hampshire. It conveys the possibility of giving this section of New England a footing in naval circles which it has not enjoyed for a long time. Mr. Hackett is a native of this city and the son of the late Hon. William H. Y. Hackett. He is about fifty five years of age and has just the acumen and energy (as his many friends in this city firmly believe) to grace most creditably the position for which he is slated. The president could scarcely have made a more judicious choice. Mr. Hackett has passed the larger part of his time, for many years, in Washington, where he has followed the legal profession. His summers, however, bring him back to the scenes of his youth, for he has a cottage at Newcastle where he passes most of the hot weather each year.

THE WAR IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Two British Generals Censured By Lord Roberts.

LONDON, April 18, 2.00 A. M.—The government selects this as the time for making public a despatch from Lord Roberts censuring Generals Sir Redvers Buller and Sir Charles Warren, two of his most important subordinate officers in South Africa. The despatch was written on March 13th and the war office has withheld it until now. Just why it is made public now, in the midst of the campaign, is not understood, unless it is expected that it will cause the two generals to ask to be relieved o their commands. This revelation of their incapacity must lead to a loss of confidence in them by the soldiers serving under them. This despatch from Lord Roberts is the great feature of the war news this morning.

The Boers Half-Hearted.

LONDON, April 17.—The war office has received a despatch from Lord Roberts at Bloemfontein, dated April 17th, in which he says: "Our forces at Wepener are still surrounded, but it is reported that the enemy are attacking them in a half-hearted manner and appear anxious about their communications, fearing the approach of relieving forces in two directions."

Mafeking Confident.

MAFEKING, April 7.—The success of Lieut. Smith Eman, the Rhodesian scout, who, with one exception, is the only white man to enter Mafeking since the siege began, is likely to prove of great value to Col. Plumer, to whom he took despatches tending to aid in plans for the relief of the town. A Scotsman has discovered how to make a new nourishment out of oat bran. We are confident of being able to hold out two months longer. The men in the trenches are determined to stand it to the end.

Pretoria Fairy Tales.

LORENZO MARQUES, April 17.—The Boers are being bolstered up by all sorts of stories from Pretoria. Among other things, they are told that Russia and France are going to war against Great Britain. The body of Captain Crowe has been handed over by the Boers to Col. Baden-Powell at Mafeking, for interment in the Mafeking cemetery.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—Forecast for New England: Showers and warmer, Wednesday; fair Thursday, high south to southwest winds.

FROM WASHINGTON.

NEW HAMPSHIRE IN UNITED STATES SENATE.

Our People Proud of The Men Representing The Old Granite State.

WASHINGTON, April 17. — Senator Chandler as chairman of the committee on privileges and elections has been the most sought after man in Washington during the past two months. He has just completed his work on the Clark case and the report of the committee was drawn by him on Saturday. The report is accompanied by three bound volumes of testimony and the senator is familiar with every line. Ten minutes with the senior senator and one is at once struck with the high position he occupies among the public men in Washington.

Senator J. H. Gallinger is besieged from morning until late at night with pension matters and when one calls on him at the "Dewey" where the senator has one of the finest suites of rooms at the capito, l you there find a stream of callers. New Hampshire people who visit Washington are bound to expand with pride when they hear the favorable expessions regarding her representatives in the senate. No state in the Union has any more influence and when it comes to authority on all matters the opinion of Senator W. E. Chandler is law. He knows what to do and how to do it and that is what makes him valuable.

THE AUTHORITY ON ALL NAVAL MATTERS.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—One does not have to travel very far, with the officials of the various departments of the government to discover the high position which Admiral Philip Hichborn, U. S. N., holds in the minds of all. He is the greatest authority on naval matters in Washington. Like all men of his success, he has two or three rivals who are jealous of his ability and high standing and they try all possible schemes to block him. The members of congress understand perfectly well the causes which lead some of the men in the department to antagonize the admiral and they are not influenced by them. Admiral Hichborn is a self-made man and to his ability more than to any other man is due the high standing of our navy.

APOLOGIZED TO SPAIN.

MADRID, April 17.—United States Minister Storer called upon Premier Silvela today and apologized, in behalf of the United States government, for the action of Mayor Carter H. Harrison of Chicago in inviting the Duke D'Arcos, the Spanish minister at Washington, to the Dewey day celebration at Chicago. Mr. Storer said that his government regretted the occurrence and that it would never happen again. It was due, he explained, to the error of a municipal clerk.

COLOMBIAN REBELS ROUTED.

KINGSTON, JAMAICA, April 17.—According to advices from Colombia, two big battles have been fought at Farada and Matarundo, between the government troops and the rebels, in which the latter were routed with a great loss in killed, wounded and prisoners. Six thousand government troops have been sent northward.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Act like magic—strengthening the Muscular System, restoring the long-lost Complexion, bringing back the keen edge of Appetite, and arousing with the Rosebud of Health the whole physical energy of the human frame. One of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is that Beecham's Pills have the Largest Sale of any Patent Medicine in the World, and this has been achieved without the publication of testimonials.

10 cents and 25 cents, at all drug stores.

Buy Now!

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A NEW LOT OF

Buggies of all descriptions, Milk Wagons, Steam Laundr Wagons, Store Wagons and Stanhope Carriages.

Also a large line of New and Second-Hand Harnesses, Single and Double, Heavy and Light, and I will sell them at Very Low Prices.

☞ Just drop around and look them, if you not want to buy.

THOMAS McCUE,
Stone Stable — Fleet Street

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I do not believe there is a case of dyspepsia, indigestion or any stomach trouble that cannot be relieved at once and permanently cured by my DYSPEPSIA CURE.

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Wednesday Evening, April 18th.

FIRST TIME IN THIS CITY!

WILLIAM GILLETTE'S

Latest Successful Comedy,

BECAUSE SHE LOVED HIM SO.

The Little Minister of Farce.

Uproariously Funny and Tenderly Sympathetic.

Prices: - 35c, 50c, 75c, $1.00.

☞ Seats on sale on Monday, April 16th, at Music Hall Box Office.

Wednesday Evening, April 25th.

THE

AMERICAN GIRL

INTRODUCING THE COMEDIAN,

MR. GEO. F. HALL.

Scenes laid in America and abroad. By H. Clifton Donnelly, author of "Darkest Russia," "Ship Ahoy," Etc. A story of today with the American Twins,

Prince Roy and The Little Lady,

Two Gleams of Sunshine.

Direction of A. Q. Scammon.

PRICES - 35c, 50c and 75c.

☞ Seats on sale Monday, April 23d, at Music Hall Box Office.

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PORTSMOUTH SECRET AND SOCIAL SOCIETIES.

WHEN AND WHERE THEY MEET.

A Guide for Visitors and Members.

OAK CASTLE, NO. 4, K. G. E.

Meets at Hall, Peirce Block, High St., Second and Fourth Wednesdays of each month.

Officers—Charles F. Cole, N. C.; Fred Gardner, P. C.; Charles E. Oliver, V. C.; Geo. E. M. Smiley, V. H.; E. P. Gidney, H. P.; True W. Priest, K. of E.; Allison L. Phinney, C. of E.; Samuel R. Gardner, M. of R.; James Kehoe, S. H.

CITY OF PORTSMOUTH COUNCIL, K. OF C.

Meets at K. of C. Hall, High St., First and Third Thursdays of each month.

Officers—Geo. S. Kirvan, G. K.; W. H. Lyons, M. D., D. G. K.; Wm. McEvoy Chan.; James Whitman, Warden; J. E. Meegan, Fin. Sec.; Victor J. Murphy, Rec. Sec.; Daniel Casey, Treas.

OSGOOD LODGE, NO. 48, I. O. O. F.

Meets in Odd Fellows' Hall every Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Officers—Charles H. Kehoe, N. G.; George W. French, V. G.; Howard Anderson, Sec.; Edwin B. Prime, Treas.; Albert C. Plumer, Fin. Sec.

The Degree Flag will be displayed when degrees are to be conferred. Watch for it. All brother Odd Fellows not members of the Lodge are cordially invited to attend the Lodge meetings and are assured a cordial greeting.

PORTSMOUTH COUNCIL, NO. 8, O. U. A. M.

Meets at Hall, Franklin Block, every other Thursday.

Officers — Fred Joslyn, C.; Arthur Woodsum, V. C.; Thomas D. Spinney Jr. Ex-C.; James E. Harrold, Sr. Ex-C. Frank Pike, R. S.: Frank C. Langley F. S.; Edward Voudy, I. P.; William P. Gardner, O. P.

PORTSMOUTH LODGE, NO. 97, B. P. O. E.

Meets at Hall, Daniel St., Second and Fourth Tuesdays of each moth, except Second Tuesday of June, July and August, and Fourth Tuesday of September.

Officers—True W. Priest, E. R., H. E Dow, T.; I. R. Davis, S.

BESOR SENATE, NO. 602, K. A. E. O.

Meets in Pythian Hall, Second and Fourth Fridays in each month.

Officers—Excellent Senator, Arthur S Johnson; Sr. Seneschal, J. E. Chickering; Jr. Seneschal, Arthur C. Dares; Sarsaces, E W. Voudy Rec. Sec., J. E. Harrold; Fin Sec, A. O. Caswell Treas., F. C. Langley; Sr. Vigilante, John B. Forbes; Jr. Vigilante. Chas H. Magraw; Surgeon, Dr. A. B. Sherburne Warden, W. P. Gardner.

MUSIC HALL.

F. W. HARTFORD, - - - MANAGER.

Fast Day Evening, Thursday, April 19th,

ENGAGEMENT OF THE GREAT SUCCESS,

HOYT'S

MASTERPIECE AND FUNNIEST COMEDY,

"A TRIP TO CHINATOWN"

PRESENTED BY THE STRONGEST POSSIBLE CAST.

Harry Gilfoil and All the Favorite Fun Makers.

NOTE—This production will be presented by exactly the same excellent cast and beautiful stage settings that will open at Boston, Mass, at the Park Theatre, on April 23d.

☞ SECURE SEATS NOW. Prices—35c, 50c, 75c, $1.00. Seats on sale Tuesday, April 17th, at Music Hall Box Office.

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AND TURFING DONE.

WITH increased facilities the subscriber is again prepared to take charge and keep in order such lots in any of the cemeteries of the city as may be intrusted to his care. He will also give careful attention to the turfing and grading of them, also to the cleaning of monuments and headstones, and the removal of bodies In addition to work at the cemeteries he will do turfing and grading in the city at short notice

Cemetery lots for sale, also Loam and Turf.

Orders left at his residence, corner of Richards avenue and South street, or by mail, or left with Oliver W. Ham (successor to S S Fletcher) 60 Market street, will receive prompt attention

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Williams Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for PILES. It absorbs tumors, allays the pain, gives RELIEF. 50c and $1. At Druggists.

For Sale by George Hill, Druggist

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Is the time to inspect the samples of

SPRING CLOTHING.

I have just received a new lot of samples and I am prepared to make suits from $15.00 up and pants from $4.00 up.

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Trade Mark.

Sufferers from Catarrh and Cold in the head are soon relieved. Is a no-sneeze powder used as a snuff 3 or 4 times a day, free sample for postal card. Dimond, 330 Connecticut street, Buffalo N. Y.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

MURDER AT CROTON DAM

Mount Vernon Sergeant Shot by Unknown Assassin.

GREAT EXCITEMENT PREVAILS.

Futile Attempt to Kill Other Soldiers—War May Soon Open in Dead Earnest—Seventh Regiment Ordered to Scene of Strike.

Croton Landing, N. Y., April 17.—The first bloodshed as the outcome of the strike at the Cornell dam was the life's blood of Sergeant Robert Douglass of the Eleventh separate company of Mount Vernon, who was shot dead by an unknown assassin while he was relieving guard at ten minutes to 9 o'clock last night. The wildest excitement prevailed throughout the camp as soon as the news of the assassination spread to the different tents, and the soldiers are frantic over the cowardly crime.

The point where the sergeant fell is known as post 10, which was in charge of Corporal McDowell. It is situated on top of the hill near Little Italy, where armed strikers were seen drilling or marching about early in the morning, brandishing rifles and shotguns. The spot is high over the huge pile of masonry which, when finished, will reach as high as that point, and from it one can command a view of the country for miles on each side up and down the Croton valley, and Douglass was talking to Corporal McDowell and the other members of the guard when he suddenly clapped his hands to his stomach and said, "Load, boys; I'm shot!" and then fell to the ground.

No Clew to Perpetrator.

It was pitch dark at the time, but McDowell and the others fired a volley into a clump of bushes near by without hitting any one. No one saw the flash or heard the sound of the shot which killed Douglass, and it was a most mysterious affair. Meanwhile the men picked up the fallen sergeant and carried him down the hill on a stretcher, but as soon as they reached Douglass' tent the poor fellow died without saying a word other than what he said as he fell. Lieutenant Glover, with a squad of men, went up to the hilltop, where they made a thorough search, but failed to find any person up there. Then the guards were called in and concentrated in the valley, with the exception of those placed at the cable station where the shooting took place.

At about 10:30 the deputy sheriffs who are guarding the cable house on the east side of the river saw three figures lurking near the place, and the deputies fired their revolvers at them. The figures disappeared quickly in the darkness. A few minutes later, while the deputies thought there was no person near them, three shots rang out from the direction of Little Italy, but the sheriff's men were not injured.

The Seventh regiment has been ordered to Croton Landing. Three companies have already started for the front.

Mrs. Carter's London Success.

London, April 17.—"Zaza" will draw all London—that is, society and grown up London. Mrs. Leslie Carter individually scored a triumph last night at the Garrick theater such as the metropolis has, of all actresses, only given to Mme. Sarah Bernhardt and Mrs. Patrick Campbell. But the play itself did not receive a very favorable reception. When the curtain fell, Mrs. Carter was the recipient of many calls and enthusiastic applause, but upon the appearance, after repeated demands for the author, of Mr. David Belasco and Messrs. Berton and Simon there was considerable hissing and booing from the gallery and pit.

Boer Envoys at The Hague.

The Hague, April 17.—Mr. Fischer, one of the Boer peace envoys, called on Dr. N. G. Pierson, the minister of finance and president of the Dutch cabinet. Dr. Leyds, the Transvaal's diplomatic agent, was present during the interview. A rumor has been circulated by a Dutch official that nine of the signatory powers represented at the peace conference at The Hague contemplate urging intervention between Great Britain and the South African republics. Efforts will be made to hasten the establishment of an international tribunal at The Hague.

Damage by Tornado In Iowa.

Hamburg, Ia., April 17.—A tornado did considerable damage in the northern part of town yesterday, completely wrecking Fred Johnson's brickyards. All of his sheds, cornerbs and windmills were piled in a heap in the middle of his lot, and his house was moved from the foundation. The residences of Lark Miller and John Crane were complete wrecks, but no one was seriously injured. There was considerable damage done other property in the destruction of small buildings, etc.

Smallpox In North Carolina.

Durham, N. C., April 17.—During the past 24 hours ten new cases of smallpox have been discovered here. All are negroes. One of these is the wife of Eli Harrington, who escaped from quarantine several days ago. Dr. Z. T. Brooks, county health officer, had nine of the smallpox patients carried to the pesthouse and yesterday had one more taken there. Dr. Brooks says that out of the entire number of cases just discovered there are seven well defined cases.

Vandals Burn Historic Church.

Paris, April 17.—The historic church of Notre Dame des Vertus, in the village of Aubervilliers, on the outskirts of Paris, was entered Sunday evening or Monday morning by vandals, who, after pillaging it, set it on fire. Several firemen were badly injured by burning brands, and Abbe Bernard received slight injuries. The interior of the church was found in a state of great disorder, and the communion vessels are believed to have been stolen, unless they are buried in the debris.

Oldest Army Nurse Dead.

Indianapolis, April 17.—Mrs. Sarah Pollard, the oldest army nurse in the country, has died, aged 93. She was born in Virginia, moved to Lexington, attended the ball given for General Lafayette and subsequently lived with her husband, Dr. Pollard, in Arkansas. She went into the army hospitals at the breaking out of the war and was known to thousands of Union soldiers.

Aged Woman Burned to Death.

Torrington, Conn., April 17.—Mrs. Rebecca Barnes, a widow, aged 86, who resided on Migeon avenue, has been burned to death by her clothes accidentally coming in contact with a bonfire.

BILL NYE'S WONDER.

Why He Marveled at the Lack of an Audience.

"I think the late Bill Nye was at his best when an opportunity presented itself to make humorous remarks about himself or his own misfortunes," said M. A. Marks during a conversation in which the writings of the humorist were discussed.

"I remember an incident which happened in Madison, Ind., the town in which I was born and raised. I was manager of the playhouse we had in the town, and when upon a certain occasion the Woman's Relief corps, an auxiliary organization to the G. A. R., wanted to get up an entertainment for the purpose of raising money it asked me to pick out something I thought would be a drawing card.

"I looked over the list of attractions and ran across the names of Bill Nye and James Whitcomb Riley, who were then touring together. I told the ladies that in my opinion they could make no better selection, and the humorist and Hoosier poet were immediately communicated with. It so happened that a few days later I had to go to New York and, of course, left the entire matter with the ladies, telling them to proceed at once with selling tickets.

"You may imagine my astonishment when I returned home on the day on which the entertainment was to be given, when one of the ladies came to me and said that they had sold but seven tickets and that they had abandoned the idea of holding the entertainment at all. The worst of it was they had simply come to the conclusion that they could make no money out of the entertainment and dropped it without communicating with Nye or Riley or with their manager.

"Of course in the afternoon they both arrived on the train, and it devolved upon me to break the news to them. I shall never forget the feeling that came over me when I entered their room in the tavern at which they had put up. Riley was sitting in a chair in an apparently meditative mood, while Nye, with his back turned toward the door, was unpacking his grip. Nye did not look up when I came in, but kept right on unpacking, and so I addressed my remarks at Riley. I said that but seven tickets had been sold and that the ladies had decided to abandon the entertainment. Then Bill Nye turned round and remarked: 'Only seven tickets sold! That's funny, because the people of this town never heard us.'"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A NEW ENGLAND COURTSHIP.

How Miss Amanda Finally Came to Marry the Captain.

There is no end to the tales of odd characters and their odd courtships which the tactful traveler in New England can gather from the lips of old people in country districts. Here is one of a lovers' quarrel which was finally healed in the way least to be expected.

Captain Amos Deering of Hentley Cove and Miss Amanda Nott were opposite neighbors. Miss Amanda had her own home—the old Nott homestead—and Captain Amos, who had retired from the sea, boarded with the widow Wright. The two saw a good deal of each other and found the companionship pleasant.

Captain Amos frequently hung over Miss Amanda's fence, offering advice concerning her tiny garden. He even wearied his back in gallantly laying a border of whitewashed stones and large East Indian shells along her front path. Miss Amanda in return occasionally lifted her skirts out of the dust and daintily scurried across the street to inspect the captain's window box and the progress of the cuttings from her own geraniums growing therein.

Of course Hentley people decided that the two were considering matrimony. So they were, with the deliberation and discretion befitting their years. They had at length made up their minds so far that only one difficulty remained.

Miss Nott kept a canary; the captain kept a cat. The bird had been taught tricks. The cat was a beautiful Persian, brought home on his last voyage by the captain himself. Alas! It could not be expected that the two would agree, yet neither would the captain relinquish his cat nor Amanda her bird. No dangerous cat should enter the Nott homestead. Captain Amos would go nowhere where his pet was not welcomed.

There was a quarrel. They made it up next day, but only to the extent of being again on conventionally friendly terms. Each remained resolute. They argued daily, weekly, but neither would yield.

So matters rested for three years. Then one summer night Miss Amanda forgot to shut a window, and early in the morning she was aroused by a hurried knocking and found the captain on the doorstep. He had seen the fallen cage and missed his pet. The inference was plain. He used no circumlocution, but broke the news at once:

"Bear up, Amanda! It's hard, but it's providential. My cat has eaten your canary. Let's have the wedding next week."

And they did.—Youth's Companion.

Electrified Stockings.

Robert Symmer, in 1759, described some most entertaining experiments, making use of the opposite electrifications of superposed stockings of different materials or merely of different colors, the dye matters in the latter case causing differentiation.

If in a dry atmosphere a silk stocking be drawn over the leg and a woolen one pulled over it, the two will be found, upon being removed, to be very powerfully electrified in opposite senses. If the four stockings of two such pairs be used and then suspended together, they will indulge in remarkable antics due to each of the silk stockings trying to attract both of the woolen ones, and vice versa, and, on the other hand, each of each kind repelling the other.

The amount of electrical attraction and repulsion produced in this simple way in a dry atmosphere is remarkable. The experiment may also be performed with all silk stockings, one pair white and the other black.—Popular Science.

Her Cure.

He—I understand you have been attending an ambulance class. Can you tell me what is the best thing to do for a broken heart?

She—Oh, yes. Bind up the fractured portions with a gold ring, bathe them with orange blossom water and apply plenty of raw rice. Guaranteed to be well in a month.—Weekly Dispatch.

Next to the mosquito and the borrowing neighbor, the friend who is continually telling other people things for their own good is the most unmitigated nuisance in the world.—Saturday Evening Post.

THE LAWYER'S SPEECH.

Its Effect on His Client and Afterward on the Jury.

"In the state from which I come," said a legal light of Boston, "aforetime an effort was made to have trials for murder by a jury of 11, the majority to decide. Controversy over this suggested change in the organic law ran high, and the discussion for and against waxed heave, until so bitter had become the feeling of those favoring and opposing the innovation that in many cases it took on a personal complexion.

"A lawyer who had been a far famed judge was sounded by a friend who opposed the change and who asked of him, 'Judge, would you like to be tried for your life by a jury of 11 and convicted by a majority vote?'

"The judge solemnly wagged his head. 'No,' quoth he, 'I wouldn't like to be tried for my life by a jury of 11 and convicted by a majority vote. But then,' he went on, as his friend's face lighted up, 'I don't think I'd like to be tried for my life by a jury of any size, voting in any way.'

"At another time this judge had a client on trial for murder. To him he had gone with the speech he had prepared for the defense and which was an ingenious, pathetic and powerful appeal to the jury. The defendant read it over, and his countenance glowed with pleasure. 'It will surely acquit me. There can be no doubt of that. Judge, you will be my preserver,' he said. Then he read it again, and a shade of doubt crept in and began to counteract the hope that had sprung up in his breast. 'I am not so certain,' he murmured; 'here and there I detect statements that can be rejected, and there are other changes it would be well to make.' Then he went on to a third reading. Gloom and depression grew deeper on his face as he proceeded, and when he had come to the last word he tossed the manuscript aside, and, burying his face in his hands, burst into tears. 'It will convict me to a certainty,' he sobbed out as he rocked to and fro upon his narrow couch, 'and I shall be hanged by the neck until dead.'

"'Nonsense!' remonstrated the judge. 'Brace up and be a man. No such thing is going to happen. Remember, the first time you read it you were sure of acquittal. Then you perused it a second time and a doubt crept in that a third reading caused to assume the proportions of defeat. You want to bear in mind that the jury will hear it only that first time!' and the result fully justified the judge's explanation."—New York Tribune.

NEW YORK'S FIREMEN.

Great Bodily Strength and Vigor Required of All Applicants.

In New York applicants for appointment as firemen must be recommended by four citizens well acquainted with the applicant before they are admitted to their examinations. These consist of several severe tests and require great bodily strength and vigor. Those who pass them merely become eligible for possible requisition in case of a vacancy. When a candidate is called to fill a vacancy, he must first serve a probationary period of one month, during which he is assigned to a company for work. In addition to that he must attend daily at the Firemen's School of Instruction, where candidates are put through a course of special athletics, such as climbing ladders, handling scaling hooks, sliding down hose pipes, jumping into life nets and the like. If by the end of the month the chief instructor and the foreman of their company report the candidates fit for fire duty, they are appointed as privates, or firemen of the fourth grade, with a salary of $800. In the third grade the salary is $1,000, in the next $1,200 and in the first $1,400.

One year at least must be spent in each grade. Removal can only be for cause, subject to review by the courts. All members of the New York fire department are beneficiaries of a relief fund, which now amounts to nearly $1,500,000. In case of disability a fireman receives half his pay. One-half of his yearly pay likewise goes as a pension to his wife or children in case of death. In addition to this there is a life insurance fund yielding an immediate amount of $1,000 to the widow or children of any deceased fireman.

In spite of the uncommon risks run by all firemen, the mortality among them is exceedingly low. The dangers of their calling seem to be more than compensated by their rugged health and hardihood. As a rule, they are able to endure without serious consequences pain and exposure that would kill an ordinary business man or at least ruin his health for life.—Collier's Weekly.

The Color of a Star.

The novel assertion is made by Professor See that the color of a star varies according to its age, being yellowish in its youth and in its old age blue, the tint being a matter of temperature, the bluer it becomes according as it becomes hotter, because great heat means an activity that engenders blue light waves. Thus Sirius is a very blue star as seen through the telescope simply because it is hot and giving out probably one hundred times as much light as our sun, though it is but three or perhaps four times as big. Vega, too, in the constellation of Lyra, and a hundred times as large as our sun, is blue, the inference being that the heat it emits is enormous. The appearance of these stars is, of course, as viewed through the medium of the earth's atmosphere, and their colors are in some cases so vivid as to exhibit marked differences, the fact being that if the air envelope of the earth were taken away their varying tints would be much more noticeable.

Just Getting Warm.

An East Indian prince, on his first visit to this country, suffered so continuously from cold that he contracted pneumonia and died.

He was cremated, and, after being some ten minutes in the crematory, an attendant opened a small slide in the side of the furnace to note the result. The prince was sitting bolt upright on the slab and shouted, "Shut that door!"—Life.

Revised Version.

"'Why stand ye here idle all the day?'" asked the taxpayer, who is fond of quotations.

"Because," replied the party of the second part, "I am a city employee."—Chicago News.

The highest masts of sailing vessels are from 160 to 180 feet high and spread from 60,000 to 100,000 square feet of canvas.

The road to hades is paved with good intentions; the road back is closed for repairs.—London Judy.

THE LITTLE GIRL WE DIDN'T WANT.

A little girl we didn't want
Came unto us one day;
We'd prayed the Lord that he might send
A little boy our way.
We thought we'd name after me,
Our plans were knocked awry
The day the girl we didn't want
Came floating from the sky.

The little girl we didn't want
Looked gravely up at me
When we had closed her mother's eyes,
And no one staid to see—
Looked at me from upon my breast
And, trusting, nestled there,
Not knowing she had shattered dreams
That we had thought so fair.

The little girl we didn't want
Has often sat with me
Beside a grassy little mound
No others stay to see,
And often in the glad old days,
With peaceful skies above,
We've played along in pleasant ways,
Filled with each other's love.

The little girl we didn't want
Forsook me yesterday;
Another came and won her love
And carried her away!
A little girl we didn't want
Came unto her and me,
And I've a broken heart and weep,
Nor care who stops to see!
—S. E. Kiser in Chicago Times-Herald.

NOT THE LOGIC OF THE TRADE.

The Jewelry Salesman Whose Arguments Proved Too Much.

"Strange," said a talkative man in the hotel lobby, "but four statements, each perfectly true in detail, made a whopping big lie in the aggregate. It happened like this: I went into a jewelry store and asked to see a cheap watch. The clerk showed me a tinclad affair at $1.50. It came in a small pasteboard box, on the lid of which I noticed the statement that it was the equal of any $5 watch in the world. 'Have you a watch at $5?' I asked. 'Yes, sir,' said the clerk, and he handed me a very neat timepiece cased in oxidized steel. 'You will find that just as good as anything you can get for five times the amount,' he remarked, opening the back and showing me the works.

"'It looks all right,' I said, 'but on second thought I believe I'd like something better.' 'Well, here are some filled case watches,' he replied, 'that we sell with a 30 year guarantee. The case can't be distinguished from solid gold, and the movement is fully standardized and tested for heat and cold. It is a watch we consider very cheap at $25.' I pried open the back case, and out dropped a little disk of paper on which the 30 year guarantee was printed. 'This watch is as well made in every particular,' it said in preamble, 'as the average $100 chronometer.' 'What kind of a chronometer can a man get for $100?' I asked. 'The best in the world,' replied the clerk enthusiastically. 'Here is one now. You observe its thinness and general elegance. As far as the movement is concerned it is simply impossible to produce anything better.'

"'All right,' I said. 'I'll invest on that assurance,' and I picked up the tinclad machine and laid down $1.50. 'I have your word,' I added, 'that this is the best watch on earth.' 'No, you haven't!' he exclaimed. 'I didn't say anything of the kind!' 'Don't you claim that it is as good as any $5 watch going?' I asked, pointing to the statement on the box lid. 'Yes, but—' 'And you just assured me,' I continued, 'that the $5 watch was the equal of anything at five times the price. That gets us to $25, and the filled case guarantee states specifically that the $25 watch is as well made as a $100 chronometer. Here you have it in algebra,' and I pulled out a pencil and made this simple calculation: 'A = B, B = C, C = D, D = X, therefore A = X. See?'

"But he couldn't see it. He stuck out firmly that each of the four assertions was gospel truth, but he wouldn't stand for their logical conclusion. I told him he ought to be arrested for asking $100 for a watch which I could prove by his own admissions was no better than one valued at $1.50. That tangled his brains in a hard knot, and I escaped while he was still dazed."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

The King's Cock Crower.

In the good old time there was an English court official known as the king's cock crower. It seems a strange office. Why did the king require a cock crower? And why could not the common barn door variety serve his majesty's purpose? The reason, as you shall see, was that the barn door variety cannot be depended upon for times and hours, and he has never been persuaded to observe Lent.

Now, this was a pious custom and a religious duty. All through Lent the king's cock crower crowed instead of calling the hours of the night in the palace. He began on Ash Wednesday, when he entered the hall in which the king's supper was served, and then crowed the hour in the presence of the royal party.

The meaning of the custom is obvious. It was only one of the many ways in which the history of the Christian religion was brought home to the minds of people before the reading of the gospel in the vernacular. The office was continued down to the year 1822.—London Queen.

Swallowed the Ointment.

A curious case is reported by Dr. Mosbacher of Bochum in the Munchener Medicinische Wochenschrift. He was consulted by a workman for erysipelas of the face and prescribed an ointment of 10 per cent ichthyol. The next morning the wife of the patient (a Pole) came to Dr. Mosbacher complaining that the medicine had produced such severe diarrhea and colic that her husband was unable to persevere with it.

Dr. Mosbacher, greatly astonished, went to the house and found that instead of using the ointment in the ordinary way the man had taken it by the mouth. The erysipelas had nearly disappeared, and the patient in broken German expressed his gratitude for the somewhat strong but very efficacious medicine which had done him so much good.

Dr. Mosbacher adds that notwithstanding this success he has refrained from administering ichthyol internally.

Why He Is Single.

Wederly—I suppose you have never given marriage a thought.

Singleton—Oh, yes, I have.

Wederly—Then why are you still single?

Singleton—Because I have given marriage a thought.—Chicago News.

A man may as soon fill a chest with grace, or a vessel with virtue, as a heart with wealth.—Phillips Brooks.

If life were strewn with thornless roses, there would be no pricks to urge men on to better things.

ORATORY IN MAINE.

Town Meeting Is Where It Is Found In Quantities.

Town meeting is a great forum for the training of orators.

Some of the oratory is of the whangdoodle sort, but it is usually the kind that gets there with both feet. Why, my friend, I have seen in a Maine town meeting some old man struggle to his feet, shuck off his mangy buff'ler coat and commence to fan the air with his tongue in a fashion to astonish the chap who thinks that oratory is necessarily confined to congress. The topics treated are not of the sort that inspire the higher flights of eloquence. The hottest fights usually occur over the distribution of the road money or on the question of the school committeeman. But all the flow of language is there.

Down in the state legislature one session, I remember, a certain old fellow with a luxuriant whisker sat silent all the session in a rear seat. Young legal sprouts, old lawyers, slick business men, had been doing the talking for the crowd all along. One day the old gentleman arose and remarked "Mr. Speaker" in a husky tone. No one paid any attention to him. But when he was recognized he cleared his throat with a mighty blast from his lungs, and then he waded into the topic that was being discussed—no matter what it was, I've forgotten. But it was something on which that old man was posted. And he knew how to talk on it too. His voice rang like a clarion. The members and the loungers came running in from all about. All the time the old gentleman waxed more and more eloquent, more and more intense. He stuck one hand under his coattails and promenaded up and down the aisle.

One hand was wriggling aloft at the end of his arm—a windmill pumping language from that apparently inexhaustible fountain below. He was never at a loss for words. He thundered in rounded periods. He threw facts and figures, he followed them with argument and illustration, and to close he threw a match into a whole collection of oratorical fireworks, and, oh, my sakes, how they did splutter and fizzle and cracke and detonate!

He sat down amid a tumult of cheering and applause.

At recess the speaker of the house hunted up the representative from the town adjoining that of the old man.

"For heaven's sake, where did he learn to talk?" asked the speaker.

"Town meetin," said the neighbor briefly. "They've had a ro'd fight on down in that old critter's town for about 15 years, and every voter in the place has talked so much that he's got to be a reg'lar Daniel Webster. That old feller there ain't by no means the best in the lot. There ain't any especial credit due 'em. They've had to learn to talk in self defense."—Lewiston Journal.

The Cap the Earliest Headgear.

Earliest of all forms of headgear was the cap. The hat did not really come into common use till the seventeenth century. In the time of Charles I the queer, high, sugar loaf shaped hat came into fashion. It was wound with a rich band and trimmed with a feather. Constant balancing of the head was necessary to keep it on. The hat was taken up by the Puritans, who satisfied their bitter consciences by discarding the frivolous band and the wicked feather.

Charles II brought the French periwig into England, and the tall hat went out to make way for a low, broad brimmed thing, gorgeous with feathers and gimcracks. These broad brims became broader and broader. At last it became necessary to turn them up. First this was done at the back, finally according to the wearer's idea.

Out of this extravagant style of headgear grew the cocked hat. The footmen and the liveried coachmen of many European nations still wear this style of headgear. During Queen Anne's time the cocked hat was the hat of the gentlemen. The correct fashion was to carry it under the arm as much as possible.

The French revolution, which took off so many heads that had worn the cocked hat, took off the cocked hat too. In its place the crescent shape became the style, partly by force. The direct ancestor of that dreadful thing, the high hat of today, was the noble and sturdy beaver. Beavers went out of fashion largely because the supply of material became exhausted.—Answers.

Lived Without Its Liver.

Some rather curious instances of fishing have been published in the papers lately. One, I think, may lead scoffers to say, "Is it likely?" and make other remarks. This, however, has been printed, and I am a firm believer in anything that appears in print. Some men out in a pilchard boat were having tea together. Just then a shark about seven or eight feet long was seen swimming around them. A line was put out, and the creature was soon caught and disposed of, the belly being opened and the liver cut out and put aside for medicinal purposes and the body thrown back again into the sea. After tea a line was again used for the purpose of catching a few whitings, when, to the great surprise of the men, the first fish that came to hook was this self same shark—alive. Beyond the fact that it seemed to have caught a slight cold through its belly being open it appeared all right and not in the least bilious.—Fishing Gazette.

A Curious Insect.

An insect that can count—at least up to six—is the curious discovery with which Lieutenant Colonel Delauncey of the French army credits himself. The creature is a hemipter, about an eighth of an inch long, and was seen in a garden of Noumea, New Caledonia, attention being attracted by its singular turning its own head as a pivot while resting on a banana leaf. After a pause of a quarter of an hour the movements began again, when the observer was able to make the following record: Six turns in the direction of the hands of the watch, then a stop; six turns in the opposite direction, a stop; five turns in the first direction, a stop; and so on in descending order until finally one turn was made in each direction. Then the insect stopped, remaining still immovable at the end of an hour. Only two specimens of the insect were found, and both were, unfortunately, lost. The mysterious counting was observed on only one occasion.

Once Removed.

"Are you a Son of the American Revolution?"

"No. I'm a son-in-law."

"How's that?"

"Oh, one of the Daughters of the American Revolution swooped down on me and married me."—Indianapolis Journal.

WEAK NERVES.

Nervous, Exhusted, All Used Up?

CURED BY DR. HALLOCK'S WONDERFUL ELECTRIC PILLS.

From overwork, worry, over-indulgence in pleasure, or other causes, men and women use themselves up, strength and energy are all gone, the nerves are weak and a complete collapse takes place. It is for just such cases as this that old Dr Hallock's Wonderful Electric Pills are made. They cure the most obstinate cases of nervous prostration, nervous exhaustion, specks before the eyes, trembling, nervous insomia, nervous headache, fluttering of the heart, nervous spells in which you surely think you are going to die, paralysis, sciatica, St. Vitus dance, as tired in the morning as when you went to bed, and all nerve troubles that have so far resisted doctors and patent medicines. Old Dr. Hallock's wonderful Electric Pills for weak, worn-out, nervous people go to the roots of the trouble and restore the nerve centres, and make new, rich blood, giving a rosy cheek for the pale, bloodless face, stimulate the ambition, and restore the confidence in one's self, so you won't worry any more about your health. Dr. Hallock's Electric Pills stop that distressing pain or shifting aches in the back, and give you the snap and vim of perfect health. Try them. The pills have been thoroughly tested for 50 years in Dr Hallock's private practice, and have never failed to cure, to stay cured.

Sold at drug stores, $1 per box; 6 boxes sufficient to cure most obstinate cases $5.

W. D. Grace 14 Market street, or sent direct from laboratory, prepaid, on receipt of price. Advice on all diseases, from specialists. Free. Hallock Drug Co., 110 Court street, Boston, Mass. Established 1848.

—THE—

FRANK JONES BREWING CO

OF PORTSMOUTH N. H.,

Have just completed a new system for bottling the

-OLD INDIA- -PALE ALE-

It is bright and sparkling and has a nice creamy taste, and is prescribed by the doctors generally as a sedative for nervous people. There are but few medicines equal to this ale. Many people who are wakeful find that a glass taken at night secures them a continuing and refreshing sleep. As a tonic for ladies and invalids it has no equal.

Directions:—One small glass full four times a day, before eating and going to bed.

It is a food as well as a medicine. It is bottled by the Newfields Bottling Co. only.

☞It is put up in cases of two dozen pints.'

For further particulars write to the

Newfields Bottling Co.

NEWFIELDS, N. H.

PORTSMOUTH POST OFFICE.

MAILS ARRIVE.

From
New York, West and South, 10:30 a. m., 5:30, 6:30 p. m.
Boston, 10:00 a. m., 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, 6:30, 8:40, 9:00 p. m.
Boston and way stations, 10:00 a. m., 5:30, 9:00 p. m.
All points East, 7:30 a. m., 3:00, 9:00 p. m.
Portland and way stations, 7:30, 11:00 a. m., 3:00, 6:30, 9:00 p. m.
Concord and points North, 10:30 a. m., 1:00, 6:30 p. m.
Concord and way stations, 10:30 a. m., 6 p. m.
North Conway and way stations, 11:00 a. m.
Sanbornville, 8:30, 11:00 a. m., 6:30 p. m.
White Mountains, 7:30, 11:00 a. m., 1:00, 3:00, 6:30, 9:00 p. m.
Dover, 7:30, 11:00 a. m., 5:30, 6:30, 9:00 p. m.
Newcastle, 9:30 a. m., 2:30 p. m.
Newington, 9:30 a. m.
Kittery and York, 11:00 a. m., 6:00 p. m.
Eliot, 11:00 a. m., 5:00 p. m.
Sundays, 11:00 a. m.

MAILS CLOSE.

For
Boston, West and South, 7:45, 10:25 a. m., 4:55, 5:50 p. m.
Boston and way stations, 10:25 a. m., 1:50, 6:5 p. m.
All points East, 9:25 a. m., 1:50, 7:00 p. m.
Portland and way stations, 9:25 a. m., 1:50, 4:55, 7:00 p. m.
Concord and points North, 8:00, 9:25 a. m. 12:20, 4:55, 6:50 p. m.
Manchester and way stations, 8:00, 10:20 a. m. 4:55 p. m.
North Conway and way stations, 9:25 a. m.
Sanbornville, 9:25 10:25 a. m., 5:00 p. m.
White Mountains, 8:00, 9:25, 10:25 a. m., 1:50, 4:55, 7:00 p. m.
Dover, 9:25 a. m., 1:50, 4:55, 7:00 p. m.
Newcastle, 10:30 a. m., 4:15 p. m.
Newington, 10:25 a. m.
Kittery and York, 10:25 a. m., 5:25 p. m.
Eliot, 9:25 a. m., 5:00 p. m.
Sundays, 4:00 p. m.

Registered mail closes one-half hour earlier than ordinary mail.

OFFICE HOURS: Week-days, 7:30 a. m. to 7:00 p. m. Sundays, 12:00 m. to 1:00 p. m.

JOHN H. BARTLETT, P. M.

COAL AND WOOD

C. E. WALKER & CO.,

Commission Merchants

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Coal and Wood

Office cor. Sta and Water Sts.

BOSTON & MAINE R.R

EASTERN DIVISION

Winter Arrangement, Oct. 2, 1899.

Trains Leave Portsmouth

FOR BOSTON, 3.50, 7.20, 8.15, 10.53, a. m., 2.21, 5.00 7.28 p. m. Sundays, 3.50, 8.00 a. m., 2.21, 5.00 p. m.

FOR PORTLAND, 9.55, 10.45 a. m., 2.45 8.50, 9.20 p. m. Sundays, 10.45 a. m., 8.55, p. m.

FOR OLD ORCHARD AND PORTLAND 9.55 a. m., 2.45, 5.22 p. m. Sundays 2.00, a. m.

FOR NORTH CONWAY, 9.55. a. m., 2.45 p. m.

FOR SOMERSWORTH, 4.50, 9.45, 9.55 a. m., 2.40, 2.45 5.36 p. m.

FOR ROCHESTER, 9.55 a. m., 2.40, 2.45 5.30 p. m.

FOR DOVER, 4.50, 9.45 a. m., 12.20, 2.40, 5.22, 8.52 p. m. Sundays, 8.00, 10.48 a. m., 8.57 p. m.

FOR NORTH HAMPTON AND HAMPTON 7.20, 8.15, 10.53 a. m., 5.00 p. m. Sundays 8.00 a. m., 5.00 p. m.

Trains for Portsmouth.

LEAVE BOSTON, 7.30, 9.00, 10.10 a. m. 12.30, 3.30, 4.45, 7.00, 7.45 p. m. Sundays, 4.30, 8.20, 9.00 a. m., 6.40, 7.00, p. m.

LEAVE PORTLAND, 2.00, 9.00 a. m., 12.45, 6.00 p. m. Sundays, 2.00 a. m., 12.45 p. m.

LEAVE NORTH CONWAY, 7.25, a. m., 4.15 p. m.

LEAVE ROCHESTER, 7.19, 9.47 a. m., 3.50, 6.25 p. m. Sundays, 7.00 a. m.

LEAVE SOMERSWORTH, 6.35, 7.32, 10.01 a. m., 4.05, 6.38 p. m.

LEAVE DOVER, 6.50, 10.24 a. m. 1.40, 4.30, 6.35, 9.20 p. m. Sundays, 7.35 a. m., 9.25 p. m.

LEAVE HAMPTON, 9.22, 11.53 a. m. 2.13, 4.59, 6.16 p. m. Sundays, 6.26, 10.06 a. m., 8.09 p. m.

LEAVE NORTH HAMPTON, 9.28, 11.5 a. m., 2.19, 5.05, 6.21 p. m. Sundays, 6.30, 10.12 a. m., 8.15 p. m.

LEAVE GREENLAND, 9.35 a. m. 12.05, 2.25, 5.11, 6.27 p. m. Sundays, 6.35, 10.18 a. m., 8.20 p. m.

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

PORTSMOUTH BRANCH.

Trains leave the following stations for Manchester, Concord and intermediate stations:—

Portsmouth, 8.30 a. m., 12.45, 5.25 p. m

Greenland Village 8.39 a. m., 12.54, 5.33 p. m.

Rockingham Junction, 9.07 a. m. 1.07, 5.55 p. m.

Epping, 9.22 a. m., 1.21, 6.08 p. m.

Raymond, 9.32 a. m., 1.32, 6.18 p. m.

Returning leave

Concord, 7.45, 10.25 a. m., 3.30 p. m.

Manchester, 8.30, 11.10 a. m., 4.26 p. m.

Raymond, 9.10, 11.48 a. m., 5.02 p. m.

Epping, 9.22 a. m., 12.00 m., 5.15 p. m.

Rockingham Junction, 9.47 a. m., 12.17, 5.53 p. m.

Greenland Village, 10.01 a. m., 12.29, 6.06 p. m.

☞Trains connect at Rockingham Junction for Exeter, Haverhill, Lawrence and Boston. Trains connect at Manchester and Concord for Plymouth, Woodsville, Lancaster; St. Johnsbury Newport, Vt.; Montreal and the west.

☞Information given, through tickets sold and baggage checked to all points at the station.

D. J. FLANDERS, G. P. & T. A.

Portsmouth, Kittery and York Street Railway

WINTER TIME TABLE.

In Effect November 26, 1899.

Until further notice cars will run as follows:

Ferry leaves P. K. & Y. landing, Portsmouth for Kittery, Kittery Point and Seavy Point—6 50, 7 20, 7 50, 8 20, 8 50, 9 20, 9 50, 10 20, 10 50, 11 20, 11 50 a. m.; 12 20, 12 50, 1 20, 1 50, 2 20, 2 50, 3 20, 3 50, 4 20, 4 50, 5 20, 5 50, 6 20, 6 50, 7 20, 7 50, 8 20, 8 50, 9 20, 9 50, 10 50 p. m.

For York Corner, York Village, York Harbor and York Beach—6 50, 8 20, 9 50, 11 20 a. m.; 12 50, 2 20, 3 50, 5 20, 6 50, 8 20, 9 50 p. m.

Car leaves York Beach for Portsmouth 5 45, 6 45, 8 15, 9 45, 11 15 a. m. 12 45, 2 15, 2 45, 5 15, 6 45, 8 15, 9 45, p. m.

Ferry plies between Portsmouth and Badger's island, making close connection with the electric cars.

Sunday time same as on week days except that the first boat leaves Ferry Landing, Portsmouth, at 7 30 a m, and York Beach at 7 30 a m.

For special and extra cars address

W. G. MILLOON, Supt.

GOVERNMENT FERRY

TIME TABLE.

Leave Navy yard—8:00*, 8:20, 8:40, 9:15, 10:00, 11:45 p. m. 1:45, 2:05, 3:00, 4:00 4:45, 5:15, 7:00 a. (Wednesdays and Saturdays,) (Sundays, 9:45, 10:15 a. m., 12:10, 12:20 p. m. Holidays 10:30, 11:30 a. m.

Leave Portsmouth—8:10*, 8:30, 8:50, 9:15, 1:00 a. m., 12:15, 1:55, 3:15, 3:30, 4:20, 5:00, 6:00 p m., (Wednesdays and Saturdays.) Sundays, 9:05, 10:00 a. m., 12:00 m., 12:30 12:55 p. Holidays, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 m.

*From May until October.

SANTAL-MIDY

These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience.

Sold by all Druggists.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

SUITS AND JACKETS

Already the stock is arriving and we are daily selling to ladies who are looking for first choice.

We have a custom tailoring department this season and would be glad to show you now through both departments.

LEWIS E. STAPLES,

7 Market Street.

A DRUGGIST

Nowadays....

Not only must have a complete knowledge of drugs, but to sell pure drugs he must know their adulterations; he must know just what to look for. We have that knowledge. We sell pure drugs and are careful.

Goodwin E. Philbrick.

Franklin Block,

Portsmouth, N. H.

SPRING DECORATIONS ARE IN ORDER

now, and we have the finest stock of handsome wall papers, that range in price from 15 cents to $5 per roll, suitable for any room, and of exquisite colorings and artistic patterns. Only expert workmen are employed by us, and our prices for first-class work is as reasonable as our wall papers.

J. H. Gardiner

10 & 12 Daniel St. Portsmouth

OCEAN

— AND —

RIVER -PROPERTIES-

For Sale or Rent

— AT —

TOBEY'S

Real Estate Agency,

32 Congress Street.

S. G.

BEST 10c. CIGAR

In The Market.

S. GRYZMISH, MFG.

Pure Havana.

THE HERALD.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 18. 1900.

CITY BRIEFS

The number of convicts in the state prison is now 142.

For Carpets or Straw Mattings one should go to the Globe Grocery Co.

Conner, photographer studio, (formerly Nickerson's,) No 1 Congress street.

The buds are beginning to break forth on the trees in some sections of the city.

The Arena club's first annual dance will take place at Peirce hall this Wednesday evening.

Special rates will be in force for the A. O. H. National convention in Boston, May 8th to 10th.

There was a profitable mothers' meeting at the Farragut kindergarten on Tuesday afternoon.

The Rockingham County teachers' institute will be held in this city on Friday, April 27th.

Woods and Kehoe are to play a match game of pool at Coleman's pool rooms this Wednesday evening.

Fifty Italians were put at work on the Rye extension of the Portsmouth electric railroad on Tuesday.

Rubber heels become very popular and John G. Mott is fitting out the local public with an excellent article

Local florists report the usual large sales of flowers for Easter. Lilies were the favorites, selling at 25 cents a bloom.

Special theatre car on the P. K. & Y. this evening, for "Because She Loved Him So."

Officer McCaffery arrested John Fitzgerald for drunkenness on Pleasant street this forenoon and locked him up to sober off.

Lots of money made on New York Stock Exchange with $30. Send for particulars. ARCHIBALD AINSLIE, 34 Broadway, New York.

On Friday evening next the initiation services of the Daughters of the King connected with St. John's church will take place in the chapel on State street.

Notwithstanding the bad weather big crowds have been in constant attendance at the Globe Grocery Co.'s coat rooms all the week to see the styles of ladies' spring goods.

Tobey's Real Estate agency reports the sale of the "Abednego Robinson" farm on Sherburne road, until recently owned by Mr. Charles E. Lidston, to Mr. Hanson Harrison.

Irish is being generally studied as it never was before. Its process of rapid disappearance as a spoken language has been arrested. Next year's census will probably show an extension of its domain, not as one only spoken, but as spoken besides English.

SOUTH ELIOT.

SOUTH ELIOT, ME., April 17.

Miss Alice Pickering of Haverhill, Mass., who was called here by the illness of her mother Sarah A. Pickering, returned on Friday last.

Joseph Wherien of Waltham, Mass., was visiting relatives on Sunday and Monday.

Mrs. Lyman Staples and family, who have been visiting her brother, William C. Pickering of Newington, for several weeks, returned home on Sunday.

Joseph Maddock and wife of Portsmouth passed Sunday in town, the guests of relatives.

John H. Staples of Newburyport, Mass., passed Sunday in town with his family.

Nathan Spinney, Jr., who was assistant baggage master on the Boston & Maine railroad in Portsmouth, has resigned his position there and secured a position as section hand on the York Beach railroad.

Quite a number from here attended church in Portsmouth on Sunday and listened to the Easter exercises.

Elder George W. Brown, who has quite ill for several weeks, has improved to such an extent as to be able to be out on the street.

Mrs. Albert Knight, who has been critically ill, is gaining slowly.

John R. Cole is quite ill at his home. He is attended by Dr. H. L. Durgin.

Charles Dixon is improving the appearance of his residence by painting it.

Capt. Bowden and Engineer Robinson of the steamer Queen City are repairing the stage and brow at the upper landing, and expect to have it in position to accommodate the public by the last of the week. ROLLING ROCK.

Scrofula, salt rheum, erysipelas and other distressing eruptive diseases yield quickly and permanently to the cleansing, purifying power of Burdock Blood Bitters.

Special theatre car on the P. K. & Y. Thursday evening for the patrons of Hoyt's "A Trip to Chinatown."

TO EDIT A PAPER.

Secretary Teague Will Take Charge of Builder's Weekly.

The directors of the Young Men's Christian association held a meeting at the rooms of the association on Tuesday evening, when matters of considerable interest and importance came up for action, among them being the resignation of Mr. F. W. Teague, as secretary, as reported in the *Herald* Tuesday afternoon.

The resignation was referred to a committee, to report at the next regular meeting, to be held April 30.

The matter of the next anniversary of the organization, to be held on May 6, was discussed and the necessary committees were appointed.

Mr. Teague will go to Worcester, Mass., as soon as possible, to enter the publishing house of F. S. Blanchard, to edit two publications, one of them being the Builder's Weekly and the other a new publication. The work is not new to Mr. Teague, he having been employed on a paper in that city, his native place.

STOPPED A RUNAWAY.

C. I. Pinkham Risks Injury to Prevent a Wild Run.

Mr. C. I. Pinkman, the teamster, risked injury to himself on Congress street, this morning, in stopping a runaway horse that was going down the street at a wild gait. He succeeded in grabbing the horse's bridle and bringing the animal to a full stop after others had unsuccessfully attempted the same.

The runaway horse is the property of James R. Yeaton, a Congress street merchant and become frightened on Market street. At the start the frightened animal slewed the wagon around in such a manner that the top was knocked off and the seat soon followed the top.

The animal was under good headway when Mr. Pinkham grabbed the bridle, in front of the store of John S. Tilton. The wagon was not damaged to any great extent, but came near being overturned when the wheels got caught in one of the rails of the electric road on Market square.

WEDDED IN NEW YORK.

Dr. Carpenter, U. S. N., and Miss Sylvia Ceasar Married on Tuesday.

Dr. Dudley Newcomb Carpenter, U. S. N., a son of the late Rear Admiral Charles Carroll Carpenter, U. S. N., of this city, was united in marriage to Miss Sylvia Ceasar, a member of a well-known family of New York, the ceremony taking place in St. James Protestant Episcopal church, Madison avenue and Seventy-first street, at four o'clock in the afternoon, Tuesday.

Miss Effie Ceasar was her sister's maid of honor and there were four bridesmaids. The bride is the second daughter of Mrs. Herman D. Ceasar of No. 102 East Fifty-seventh street, and distinguished herself as a nurse in the war with Spain. She is a grand-daughter of the late Jacob Vanderbilt, and therefore grand-niece of Commodore Vanderbilt, thus making her a kin to his descendants, among whom is conspicuous the Duchess of Marlborough.

Dr. Carpenter served under Admiral Dewey on the Olympia during the battle of Manila.

SIX SENTENCES IMPOSED

Supreme Court Disposes of Cases in Exeter This Forenoon

In the supreme court in Exeter today the following cases were disposed of:

George Davis, for stealing cattle, one year in Portsmouth jail.

William Brown, same offense, sentence suspended and a bond of $500 furnished.

J. B. Pichard, same offense, sentence suspended and ordered to leave the state.

Andrew Callaghan and George Davis paid fines and costs for selling liquor.

Bail was refused in the case of "Smokey" Smith.

Charles and Oren Otis, breaking and entering, six months in jail, suspended during good behavior.

BOARD OF TRADE.

Meeting Has Been Called for Friday Evening for Important Business.

A meeting of the Portsmouth Board of Trade has been called by Secretary Charles W. Gray for next Friday evening at the office of the city clerk at 8 o'clock.

It is understood that business of importance will come before the board for action and every member should be present at the meeting.

Bodily pain loses its terror if you've a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the house. Instant relief in cases of burns, cuts, sprains, accidents of any sort.

GOSSIP OF LOCAL SPORTS.

Co. I., N. H. N. G., of Rochester sent its basket ball team to this city Tuesday evening to meet the representatives of Co B of Portsmouth. The visiting team had been made to claim the championship of the state on the advertising cards, and while perhaps the Rochester players are not quite clever enough to make such a claim good (though to be just it may not have been made on their own account) seeing that they live in the same state as the Dartmouth college team, they are certainly about the best thing in their line Portsmouth has ever seen.

The bad weather of the last few days has prevented the base ball teams from doing any serious work, and the first games will find them all pretty evenly matched, as far as lack of practice is concerned. The high school and marine teams are the only local nines that have secured any preliminary work to amount to anything.

Talk of introducing lacrosse to the sport lovers of this city is again being indulged in. The Amateur would like to see the game brought to the attention of the local athletes for, although he knows little about it, he understands that it takes a place in the very front rank of field sports.

The golf links are in bad condition and the devotees of the game are taking an enforced rest. The Delapoon club will conduct another handicap tournament as soon as the weather and the condition of the grounds will permit.

Owners of tennis courts are beginning to put them in shape but a little while, must elapse, before the lovers of this, the best of lawn games, will be able to indulge themselves to their hearts' content. It is understood that there are to be some warm match games in the city this summer.

I wonder why the Portsmouth basket ball team or the Woods Brothers could not win from the Rochester national guardsmen. Both these teames have beaten Co. B and should at least be able to force the Rochester men to play for all there was in them.

Speculations are rife as to the probable champion of the base ball league. The Wapanagos have lots of adherents, and so have the Woods Brothers, while many people have considerable respect for the Marines. And it might be added, that there are others, and some games must be played before it will be safe to brand any team as a certain champion, or to stamp another as useless.

Holmes, the star twirler of the Wapanago team is not expected to pitch for his team Fast day, but it is said that the Greenland boys have an excellent substitute in young Wilbur.

THE AMATEUR.

NEW COMMANDANT OF MARINES.

Col. Berryman Ordered Here

Col. O. C. Berryman, U. S. M. C., has been ordered as commandant of marine barracks at navy yard and will report for duty on May first. He is at present on duty at Annapolis, Md. Colonel Berryman is one of the best known men in the corps and he will meet many friends here.

CHRIST CHURCH PARISH.

At the annual meeting of Christ church parish, the following board of officers were re elected for the ensuing year:

Wardens, E B. Prime and H. B Dow.

Vestrymen, John H. Sugden, Robert L. Sugden, Thomas J. Trueman, Sydney S. Trueman and Daniel Brooks.

Treasurer, Herbert B. Dow.

Clerk, John H. Knox.

Delegate to convention, E. B. Prime, H. B. Dow, Thomas J. Trueman and Daniel Brooks.

WATER FRONT NEWS.

Arrived, April 18—Schooners Hattie Lewis and Clara B. Kennard, Boston for Eliot, light; A. Heaton, South Amboy for Kittery with coal for George D. Boulter.

Reported in lower harbor, April 18—Schooners Addie Schlafer, O. M. Marrett and Charles H. Trickey, Rockland for New York with lime; Susan Stetson, Bangor for New York; Snowflake, South Gardiner for do.

Sailed, April 18—Schooner Joshua Baker for South Amboy; barge Edith for coal port.

SELECT SUPPER PARTY.

There was a pleasant supper party at the New Marlboro on Tuesday evening, when Thomas Loughlin gave a fine spread to a number of his friends about town. Everything was served most satisfactorily, and toasts and stories galore formed an enjoyable supplementary feature. The party sat down to discuss the appetizing menu at nine o'clock.

SUPREME COURT.

Business Done Before Judge Young At Exeter on Tuesday.

Among the prisoners arraigned before Judge Young in the supreme court at Exeter on Tuesday was George Smith of this city, who was indicted by the grand jury for wronging two little girls, Travers Martin, aged eleven, and Ida Stanley, aged thirteen. Adams and Kivel appeared for him, waived the reading of the indictment and entered a plea of not guilty.

There was a request on the part of the state to have the case put to trial this term, but the defense asked that it be continued to the October term at Portsmouth, and believed that the ends of justice would be better served with the trial set ahead than to be had at this term. The case was accordingly continued, and he was ordered back to Portsmouth jail. It is quite probable that the court will fix a bail so that he will not have to stay in jail all the summer.

The trial of Charles and Oren Otis of this city for the larceny of hens from Thomas Marvin was set for this Wednesday morning at nine o'clock.

James Davis and William A. Brown, of Hampton, for the larceny of a yoke of oxen from Frank E. Brown of that place, pleaded not guilty. They will be given trial during the latter part of the week.

The petit jury was excused until this morning at 9:30 o'clock.

MORALLY IRRESPONSIBLE

Leon Baketel is Under Arrest at Montepelier, Vt., For Stealing.

A dispatch from Montpelier, Vt., says that Leon Burt Baketel of Manchester, who was charged with stealing $120 from Leonard Love in Montpelier last Thursday, was arrested in Montreal and brought back by Sheriff Graves.

Baketel has confessed and will be brought into court later for sentence.

His father, Presiding Elder O. S. Baketel of Manchester, arrived on an evening train, and spent some time at the jail with his son.

The young man is considered morally irresponsible for his actions by those who know him best.

BASKET BALL.

The basket ball game on Tuesday evening between the Company B and Company I teams was an unbounded success. Peirce hall was crowded to its capacity, and the audience showed by frequent applause that the game was very interesting. It was a fine exhibition of the popular indoor sport, being free from all roughness.

Although the local team was defeated, it made a creditable showing against what is pronounced the strongest team in the state.

Early in the game it looked as though the Company B boys would surely win, but the visitors soon became used to the ball and won out by a score of twety-four to fourteen.

For the local team, Blaisdell was the star, Frisbee also playing excellently. For the visitors, Duchane and Maxfield showed up very strongly, their goal throwing being perfect.

The score in detail:

COMPANY B.		COMPANY I.
Blaisdell	center	Lemier
Lane	forward	Duchane
Frisbee	forward	Canavan
Marshall	back	Maxfield
Crompton	back	Roberts

First half—Goals from field, Duchane 2, Maxfield 3, Roberts 1, Blaisdell 4; goals from foul, Duchane 2. Score, Company B 8, Company I 14.

Second half—Goals from field, Canavan 3, Maxfield 1, Roberts 1, Blaisdell 3 Final score, Company I 24, Company B 14.

Following the game dancing was indulged in until a late hour, music being furnished by Alex. and Ernest Bilbruck.

NOTES.

Frisbee blocked many tries for goals.

The Slappan club were present in a body.

The goal throwing of Blaisdell was marvelous and without him the team would be badly handicapped.

The visitors played a clean and gentlemanly game and were well pleased by the cordial manner in which they were greeted at their first appearance in this city.

VOLCANIC ERUPTIONS.

Are grand, but Skin Eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnica Salve cures them: also Old, Running and Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, Warts, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Best Pile cure on earth. Drives out Pains and Aches. Only 25 cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by Globe Grocery Co.

UNION FAST DAY SERVICE

There will be a union Fast day service at the Pearl street Baptist church on Thursday morning at 10 o'clock and exercises appropriate to the day will be held.

PERSONALS

Mrs. Henry Follansbee of Manchester is visiting relatives in this city.

Charles Griffin is recovering from the accident which befell him at the navy yard a fortnight ago, when he fell down a hatchway of the cruiser Raleigh.

Edward R. Kimball of New York city is visiting his parents in this city.

Miss Frances Trefethen is visiting Mrs. G. Fred Breed of Langdon street.

Mr. and Mrs Mark Hartford of Manchester are passing ten days in this city.

Col. A F. Howard and Hon. J. O. Hobbs went to Boston on Tuesday evening.

Misses Katherine and Helen Lamos have entered the employ of R. H. White & Co., Boston.

Mrs Fannie J. Cobb, matron of the Home for Aged Women, has returned from a visit to her sister in Watertown, Mass.

Marguerite Berry, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. J. J. Berry of this city, is ill in New York, at St. John the Baptist school, where she is a student.

W. O. White of Lake Village, who is the best known newspaper canvasser in the state, is now calling on the hundreds of readers of the *Gazette* in York county.

Hon. Charles P Berry, superintendent and general manager of the Portsmouth shoe company, has gone on a trip to Denver, Col., on business and also for the benefit of his health.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Myra P. Sweetser, daughter of ex Ald. John P. Sweetser, and Dr. Fred Hulseburg, recently appointed a surgeon in the United States army. Dr. Hulseburg will leave May 1st for Manila to report for service.

COMPLIMENTARY BANQUET.

President Fred H. Ward of the Portsmouth Athletic club is to be tendered a complimentary banquet and reception at the club rooms tomorrow evening. It will celebrate his safe return home from a trip to the Mediterranean. The affair is in charge of a large and most efficient committee.

We will send you prepaid in a plain box.... 4 Qt. Bottles

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Stag Rye Whiskey

IF YOU WILL SEND US

$3.00 This whiskey is made from the finest Maryland Rye at our own distillery in Baltimore. The care we take in selecting only the choicest grain and purest spring water for distilling and our facilities for storing in model warehouses, till age, flavor and body are just right, make STAG the best whiskey for family and medicinal use. Try it!

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GRAND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT

— AT —

PEIRCE HALL,

Monday Evening, April 23rd,

At Eight O'clock, Sharp,

— ASSISTED BY —

THE SCHEDA PIANO TRIO—Miss Grace Henderson, Piano; Mr. Otto C. De Scheda, Violin; Mr. G. B Whitman, Violoncello.

THE SCHEDA STRING QUARTETTE—Mr Otto C. De Scheda, 1 Violin; Mr. Rudolph Leibrock, II Violin; Mr. Max Schiegel, Viola; Mr. G. B. Whitman, Violoncello.

MR. OTTO C. DE SCHEDA, SOLO VIOLINIST.

Mrs. Marya Blazejewick,

The Young Polish Pianist.

Mr Gerald B. Whitman, Accompanist.

Tickets 50 Cents,

At Montgomery's Music Store and Grace's Drug Store.

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Bottler of Eldredge and Milwaukee Lager, Porter, Refined Cider, Cream and Stock Ale.

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